CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires		
Sara Carlson	Mayor	12/31/20		
Virgil Batesole	Council	12/31/18		
Robert Kuhlman	Council	12/31/18		
Bobbie Osterberg	Council	12/31/20		
David Benson	Council	12/31/18		
Todd Jensen	Council	12/31/20		
	APPOINTED			
Martin Schultz	City Administrator			
Jane Blade	Finance Director			
Kathy Summer	Finance Clerk			
Thomas Jacobson	City Attorney			

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Alexandria, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, Minnesota, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 17 and the Schedule of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Employer's Contributions and the Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan starting on page 94 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP

Oldo Eich & Mayers, LLP

Mankato, Minnesota September 26, 2017



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Alexandria, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$66,382,803 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,495,111 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$433,803, compared to an increase of \$5,301,608 in the previous year. Of this increase, business-type activities (enterprise funds) had a decrease of \$1,595 and governmental activities had an increase of \$435,398, this is due to an increase in the City's capital assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,967,243, an increase of \$2,208,221 in comparison with a decrease of \$2,730,718 the prior year. The major increase was due to the 2016B Refunding Bond proceeds that have not been defeased of \$2,465,000. Approximately 24.4 percent the total fund balance, \$4,138,730, is available for spending at the City's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 show how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1
Required Components of the
City's Annual Financial Report

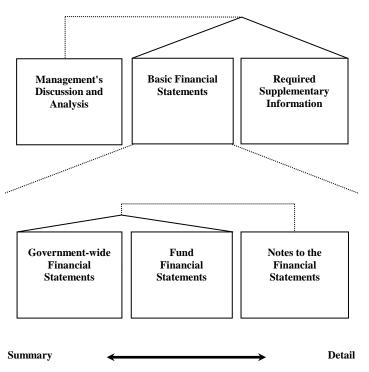


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, streets and parks	The activity the City operates similar to a private business is the liquor dispensary.		
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term		
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. There are many additional non-financial factors to assess the overall health of the City, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure and other capital assets.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, culture and recreation, interest on long-term debt and airport. The business-type activities of the City include a municipal liquor store. The City's water, electric and fiber utility operations are included as a component unit.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), as well as an economic development authority for which the City is financially accountable. The economic development authority functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 29 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Debt Service fund, and the Capital Projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 35 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its liquor store operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the enterprise fund which is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 44 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 47 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to financial statements. Combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found starting on page 99 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$66,382,803 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the City's net position (78.7 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Alexandria's Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					
	2016	2015	Increase (Decrease)	2016	2015	Increase (Decrease)			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 24,586,114 79,262,754	\$ 23,421,592 70,559,837	\$ 1,164,522 8,702,917	\$ 748,210 633,155	\$ 819,565 509,833	\$ (71,355) 123,322			
Total assets	103,848,868	93,981,429	9,867,439	1,381,365	1,329,398	51,967			
Deferred outflows of resources	6,745,005	1,063,285	5,681,720	212,654	40,688	171,966			
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	41,710,604 1,946,727	27,008,646 1,845,100	14,701,958 101,627	621,114 281,306	385,984 289,202	235,130 (7,896)			
Total liabilities	43,657,331	28,853,746	14,803,585	902,420	675,186	227,234			
Deferred inflows of resources	1,197,344	887,168	310,176	47,994	49,700	(1,706)			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted	51,751,336 12,587,536	48,842,479 12,606,045	2,908,857 (18,509)	548,820	509,833	38,987			
Unrestricted	1,400,326	3,855,276	(2,454,950)	94,785	135,367	(40,582)			
Total net position	\$ 65,739,198	\$ 65,303,800	\$ 435,398	\$ 643,605	\$ 645,200	\$ (1,595)			

An additional portion of the City's net position (19.0 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (2.3 percent) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

There was an increase of \$1,595 in net position reported in connection with the City's business-type activities. The Municipal Liquor Dispensary fund's gross profit percentage has decreased from the previous year, currently at 21.7 percent, down from 23.5 in 2015.

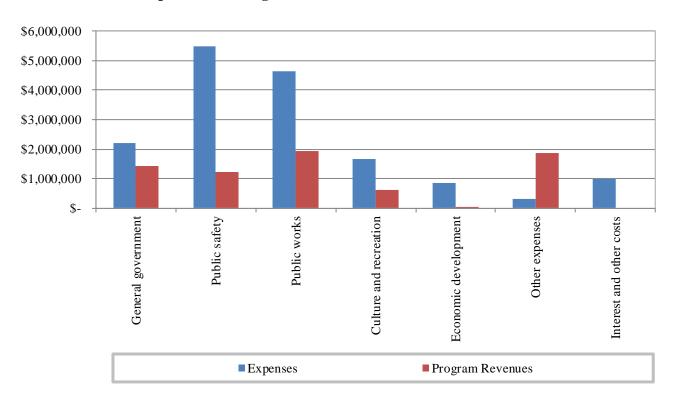
The City's total net position increased by \$433,803, compared to an increase of \$5,301,608 in the previous year. Of this increase, business-type activities (enterprise funds) had an increase of \$1,595 while governmental activities had an increase of \$435,398.

City of Alexandria's Changes in Net Position

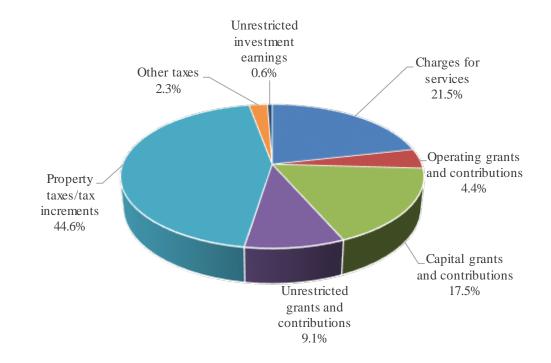
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				
			Increase		• •			
	2016	2015	(Decrease)	2016	2015	(Decrease)		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 3,523,679	\$ 3,587,243	\$ (63,564)	\$ 5,445,750	\$ 5,184,129	\$ 261,621		
Operating grants and contributions	727,511	591,143	136,368	2,185	-	2,185		
Capital grants and contributions	2,866,608	6,094,379	(3,227,771)	-	-	-		
General revenues								
Property taxes/tax increments	7,312,745	7,050,700	262,045	-	-	-		
Other taxes	384,205	430,221	(46,016)	-	-	-		
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific programs	1,484,464	1,470,684	13,780	-	-	-		
Unrestricted investment earnings	102,791	126,453	(23,662)	109	101	8		
Other revenues	2,714	5,558	(2,844)	-	-	-		
Gain on sale of capital assets	371	33,524	(33,153)	800		800		
Total revenues	16,405,088	19,389,905	(2,984,817)	5,448,844	5,184,230	264,614		
Expenses								
General government	2,192,942	2,185,782	7,160	_	-	-		
Public safety	5,491,498	3,869,546	1,621,952	-	-	-		
Public works	4,645,292	4,782,704	(137,412)	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	1,671,429	1,601,129	70,300	-	-	-		
Economic development	860,981	953,472	(92,491)	-	-	-		
Other expenses	324,245	303,941	20,304	-	-	-		
Interest and other costs	1,008,303	725,527	282,776	-	-	-		
Liquor				5,225,439	4,850,426	375,013		
Total expenses	16,194,690	14,422,101	1,772,589	5,225,439	4,850,426	375,013		
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before transfers	210,398	4,967,804	(4,757,406)	223,405	333,804	(110,399)		
Transfers	225,000	200,000	25,000	(225,000)	(200,000)	(25,000)		
Change in net position	435,398	5,167,804	(4,732,406)	(1,595)	133,804	(135,399)		
Net position - January 1	65,303,800	60,135,996	5,167,804	645,200	511,396	133,804		
Net position - December 31	\$ 65,739,198	\$ 65,303,800	\$ 435,398	\$ 643,605	\$ 645,200	\$ (1,595)		

The following graphs depict various governmental activities and show the revenues and expenses directly related to those activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



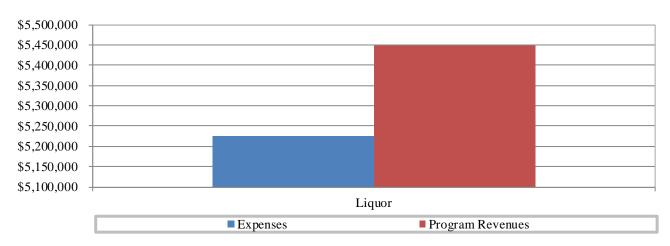
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type activities. Key elements of the change in net position are summarized as follows:

- Sales for business-type activities increased by \$261,621, or 5.0 percent during the year.
- Total expenses increased by approximately \$375,013 during 2016.
- The City's Municipal Liquor fund showed a gain due to operating revenues exceeding operating expenses. Profits before transfers for the past two years were \$223,405 and \$333,804, respectively.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,967,243, an increase of \$2,208,221 in comparison with a decrease of \$1,752,189 in the prior year. The major factor in this increase was due to the 2016B Refunding Bond proceeds that have not been defeased of \$2,465,000. Approximately 24.4 percent of the total fund balance amount, \$3,998,509 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The *restricted* fund balance totals \$11,219,205; *committed* - \$1,549,824; *assigned* - \$140,221; and *nonspendable* - \$59,484.

The *General fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund was \$4,175,995. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 47.3 percent of fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 48.4 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General fund decreased by \$1,256,685 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease was due to transfers to various capital project funds and total revenues exceeding budgeted amounts by \$41,378 while total expenditures were under budget by \$314,272.

The *Debt Service fund* has a total fund balance of \$7,988,800, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Debt Service fund was \$2,891,624. This increase is from 2016B Refunding Bond proceeds that have not been defeased of \$2,465,000.

The *Capital Project fund* has a total fund balance of \$2,219,565. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Capital Project fund was \$732,239. The major factor for this increase was the transfer from the General Fund and bond proceeds that have yet to be spent on capital projects.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unassigned net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$94,785. The total decrease in net position for the funds was \$1,595. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General fund budget was not amended during the year. Revenues exceeded expectations by \$41,378 and the expenditures budget was underspent by \$314,272.

Some highlights include:

- Building permit revenues for the year exceeded budget by \$20,600 due to an increase in permits issued for commercial projects and single family dwellings over the previous year.
- Township inspection fees exceeded budget by \$33,300 due to increased commercial building in Alexandria Township.
- Police State Aid and State Airport M & O funds received were more than budgeted by \$14,700 and \$12,600 respectively.
- Runestone Community Center revenues were \$526,700. Due to contract language changes for the timing of Ice Rental payments received by the School District, RCC revenues were under budget by \$37,000.
- In July of 2016 the City received the donation of a building at the Airport, the building's tenants continued to lease space from the City, therefore the lease revenue exceeded the budget by \$23,500.
- Amounts paid for water, sewer, electric and gas utilities for all City departments were \$70,500 under budget.
- Building and equipment repairs and maintenance expenditures for all City departments were \$29,200 under budget.
- Total payroll and related expenditures for the City's General fund were under budget by \$68,600. Overtime wages for the year came in under budget and a budgeted hire in the municipal clerk department did not take place in 2016.
- Insurance dividends of \$97,900 helped to keep insurance costs under budget.
- Lower prices at the gas pumps lead to a savings of \$80,000 in motor fuels.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2016, amounts to \$79,895,909 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 12.4 percent (a 12.3 percent increase for governmental activities and a 24.2 percent increase for business-type activities.)

Major capital assets purchased or constructed during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Playground equipment in City Parks \$27,200
- John Deere tractor/mower with attachments \$39,000
- 2016 Ford pick-up Public Works-Park \$26,500
- 2 2017 Ford Police Patrol vehicles \$63,400
- 2016 GMC Fire Department Grass Rig \$28,600
- Fire Department SCBA packs \$105,100
- Runestone Community Center Dehumidification unit \$181,400
- Outdoor LED Sign/Message Center at the RCC \$26,400
- Street improvements including reconstruction of 50th Avenue, a section of 8th Avenue and Cardinal Lane, Local and Municipal State Aid Street Overlays, and reclaim of Rosewood Lane and the Victoria Heights section of the City -\$5,619,900

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3D starting on page 60 of this report.

City of Alexandria's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities							
						Increase					I	ncrease
		2016	2015		(Decrease)		2016		2015		(Decrease)	
Land	\$	2,887,179	\$	2,887,179	\$	-	\$	101,413	\$	101,413	\$	-
Buildings		11,573,702		11,840,731		(267,029)		322,920		353,371		(30,451)
Improvements other than buildings		49,904,126		46,391,990		3,512,136		9,869		12,707		(2,838)
Machinery and equipment		2,624,164		2,561,684		62,480		198,953		42,342		156,611
Construction in progress		12,273,583		6,878,253		5,395,330				-		-
Total	\$	79,262,754	\$	70,559,837	\$	8,702,917	\$	633,155	\$	509,833	\$	123,322

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$29,292,129. Of this amount \$14,620,000 is general obligation improvement debt and \$14,570,000 is general obligation debt. All of the City's bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Alexandria's Outstanding Debt

	Go	vernmental Activiti	ies	Business-type Activities					
	2016	2015	Increase (Decrease)	2016	Increa 16 2015 (Decrea				
General obligation bonds General obligation	\$ 14,570,000	\$ 7,110,000	\$ 7,460,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
improvement bonds	14,620,000	14,190,000	430,000	-	-	-			
Hangar loan	27,149	52,209	(25,060)	-	-	-			
CHAP loans	74,980	97,376	(22,396)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Total	\$ 29,292,129	\$ 21,449,585	\$ 7,842,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

The City's total debt increased \$7,842,544, or 36.6 percent during the current fiscal year. New debt was issued totaling \$9,525,000 and principal of \$1,682,456 was retired during the year.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The current debt limitation for the City is \$39,850,851, which is considerable greater than the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3G starting on page 66 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Budget Committee and then the City Council looked comprehensively at a number of external and internal factors in crafting the 2017 budget.

- Primary significant guiding principle through consideration of the budget was consideration of the 2016 strategic plan, which centered on the three core areas of Efficient and Effective Governance, Progressive Community Development, and Prudent Financial Management.
- The City Council reviewed not only the proposed 2017 budget but also considered a five-year (2017-2021) budget blueprint when discussing the 2017 budget.
- Property value increases and growth through new construction contributed to a 4.3% increase in tax capacity from 2016 to 2017
- The overall property tax levy increased by 2.75% for 2017 The tax base growth within the City meant the average city tax rate decreased by approximately 2.5%.
- The unemployment rate in Alexandria is currently 3.0 percent. This compares to the State's unemployment rate of 3.6 percent. Alexandria has a pull factor index of 3.04, according to the most recent Retail Trade Analysis of Alexandria and Douglas County. This study was released in July 2015 and used data from 2013. Alexandria had the third highest pull factor in the state. The pull factor compares local taxable sales per capita to that of the state. A pull factor greater than 1.0 indicates that businesses are pulling in customers from outside the community. Alexandria has one of the highest pull factors in the state.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Alexandria, 704 Broadway, Alexandria, Minnesota 56308.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Alexandria Light and Power
ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 12,151,188	\$ 233,282	\$ 12,384,470	\$ 13,683,385
Restricted debt service reserve deposits	2,573,579	-	2,573,579	985,127
Receivables	22.017		22.017	20.125
Interest	23,917	-	23,917	28,135
Delinquent taxes	105,400	74.240	105,400	065 112
Accounts, net of allowance	325,557	74,240	399,797	965,113
Notes and loans, net of allowance	493,576	-	493,576	1 226
Special assessments	5,575,107	-	5,575,107	1,326
Intergovernmental Internal balances	1,628,259	- (445 157)	1,628,259	-
Due from component unit	445,157	(445,157)	- 894,937	-
Inventories	894,937	846,780	846,780	1,194,964
Prepaid items	59,484	6,737	66,221	80,180
Pension asset	309,953	0,737	309,953	60,160
Other postemployment benefit	307,733	32,328	32,328	_
Capital assets	_	32,320	32,320	_
Capital assets not being depreciated	15,160,762	101,413	15,262,175	1,789,878
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	64,101,992	531,742	64,633,734	54,065,198
TOTAL ASSETS	103,848,868	1,381,365	105,230,233	72,793,306
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension resources	6,745,005	212,654	6,957,659	1,268,232
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and contracts payable	1,130,515	211,371	1,341,886	1,840,356
Due to other governments	294,682	55,500	350,182	560,367
Accrued interest payable	318,316	33,300	318,316	47,478
Accrued salaries payable	181,235	14,435	195,670	70,772
Due to primary government	101,233	17,733	173,070	894,937
Deposits payable	19,280	_	19,280	356,135
Unearned revenue	2,699	_	2,699	330,133
Noncurrent liabilities	2,000		2,0))	
Due within one year	2,298,509	22,395	2,320,904	1,275,832
Due in more than one year	39,412,095	598,719	40,010,814	13,747,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES	43,657,331	902,420	44,559,751	18,793,200
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension resources	1,197,344	47,994	1,245,338	383,182
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	51,751,336	548,820	52,300,156	47,957,377
Restricted for	01,701,000	2.0,020	02,000,100	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Debt service	9,357,131	_	9,357,131	985,127
Wellness	21,407	_	21,407	-
Capital outlay	761,842	-	761,842	_
Economic development	2,398,090	_	2,398,090	_
Sanitary sewer operations	49,066	-	49,066	-
Unrestricted	1,400,326	94,785	1,495,111	5,942,652
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 65,739,198	\$ 643,605	\$ 66,382,803	\$ 54,885,156

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government						
Governmental activities General government Public safety	\$ 2,192,942 5,491,498	\$ 1,407,522 659,628	\$ 12,999 582,169	\$ 2,310		
Public works	4,645,292	722,955	5,373	1,219,436		
Culture and recreation	1,671,429	557,201	55,860	-		
Economic development	860,981	30,269	-	-		
Airport	324,245	146,104	71,110	1,644,862		
Interest and other costs	1,008,303					
Total governmental activities	16,194,690	3,523,679	727,511	2,866,608		
Business-type activities						
Liquor	5,225,439	5,445,750	2,185			
Total primary government	\$ 21,420,129	\$ 8,969,429	\$ 729,696	\$ 2,866,608		
Component unit						
Alexandria Light and Power	\$ 25,331,050	\$ 27,966,998	\$ -	\$ -		

General revenues

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Tax increments

Franchise taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Other revenues

Payments in lieu of taxes

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, January 1

Net position, December 31

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Changes in	11011	osition	Component Unit
		Primary Government			Alexandria
G	overnmental	Business-type		_	Light and
	Activities	Activities		Total	Power
\$	(770,111) (4,249,701) (2,697,528) (1,058,368) (830,712) 1,537,831 (1,008,303)		\$	(770,111) (4,249,701) (2,697,528) (1,058,368) (830,712) 1,537,831 (1,008,303)	
	(9,076,892)			(9,076,892)	
		\$ 222,496		222,496	
	(9,076,892)	222,496		(8,854,396)	
					\$ 2,635,948
	4,687,516	-		4,687,516	-
	1,681,368	-		1,681,368	-
	943,861	-		943,861	-
	384,205	=		384,205	-
	1,484,464	-		1,484,464	-
	102,791	109		102,900	168,239
	371	800		1,171	268,784
	2,714	-		2,714	(1,045,076)
	225,000	(225,000)		<u> </u>	(1,043,070)
	9,512,290	(224,091)		9,288,199	(608,053)
	435,398	(1,595)		433,803	2,027,895
	65,303,800	645,200		65,949,000	52,857,261
\$	65,739,198	\$ 643,605	\$	66,382,803	\$ 54,885,156

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General		Debt Service		Capital Projects
ASSETS					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,481,794	\$	5,390,671	\$	1,669,295
Restricted debt service reserve deposits Receivables	-		2,573,579		-
Interest	18,211		5,706		
Delinquent taxes	63,200		25,700		6,200
Accounts	167,676		23,700		124,388
Notes and loans, net of allowance	-		_		124,500
Special assessments	8,353		4,125,947		1,440,807
Intergovernmental	51,722		22,694		1,410,747
Due from other funds	54,116		, -		-
Due from component unit	842,551		-		-
Advances to other funds	-		-		-
Prepaid items	59,484				-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,747,107	\$	12,144,297	\$	4,651,437
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 206,935	\$	3,850	\$	565,177
Contracts payable	-		-		335,032
Advance from other funds	- 02.100		-		80,631
Due to other governments	92,109		-		1,326
Due to component unit Due to other funds	-		-		-
	181,235		-		-
Accrued salaries payable Deposits payable	19,280		-		-
Unearned revenue	19,280		-		2,699
TOTAL LIABILITIES	499,559		3,850		984,865
	499,559	-	3,830		984,803
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - taxes	63,200		25,700		6,200
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	8,353		4,125,947		1,440,807
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	71,553		4,151,647		1,447,007
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable for	~ 0.404				
Prepaid items	59,484		-		-
Restricted for			7,000,000		
Debt service Wellness	21,407		7,988,800		-
Capital outlay	21,407		-		759,210
Economic development			-		739,210
Sanitary sewer operations	_		_		_
Committed for					
Capital outlay	_		-		1,320,134
Payment of benefits	-		-		-
Firefighter's retirement obligation	-		-		-
Economic development	-		-		_
Wellness	13,127		-		-
Assigned for					
Capital outlay	-		-		140,221
Unassigned	4,081,977				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,175,995		7,988,800		2,219,565
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	A	*	10.111.55	.	4 254 15-
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,747,107	\$	12,144,297	\$	4,651,437

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governme Funds	ental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,60	9,428 -	\$ 12,151,188 2,573,579
3	0,300 3,493 3,576	23,917 105,400 325,557 493,576 5,575,107
6	3,096 - 5,779 0,585	1,628,259 54,116 908,330 500,585
		59,484
\$ 2,85	6,257	\$ 24,399,098
20	9,521 - 1,247 3,393	\$ 795,483 335,032 80,631 294,682 13,393
2	8,913 - - -	28,913 181,235 19,280 2,699
26	3,074	1,751,348
	0,300	105,400 5,575,107
1	0,300	5,680,507
	-	59,484
2,39	- 2,632 8,090 9,066	7,988,800 21,407 761,842 2,398,090 49,066
7	8,683 1,293 6,587	1,320,134 18,683 71,293 126,587 13,127
(8	3,468)	140,221 3,998,509
2,58	2,883	16,967,243
\$ 2,85	6,257	\$ 24,399,098

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
of het position are unrefent occause	
Long-term assets from pensions reported in governmental activities are not financial resources	309,953
and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	79,262,754
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of	
Compensated absences payable	(796,255)
Other postemployment benefit liability	(833,119)
Bonds payable	(29,190,000)
Loans payable	(102,129)
Bond premium and discount, net of accumulated amortization	(786,418)
Pension liability	(10,002,683)
Long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore,	
are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	105,400
Special assessments receivable	5,575,107
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension resources	6,745,005
Deferred inflows of resources - pension resources	(1,197,344)
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until	
due and payable.	(318,316)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 65,739,198

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 4,154,065	\$ 1,683,639	\$ 358,599
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,052,356	-	- 260 522
Special assessments	2,310	647,581	269,733
Licenses and permits	514,713		- 2 201 427
Intergovernmental	1,767,368	62,592	2,301,437
Charges for services	1,018,214	=	192,875
Fines and forfeits	118,278	-	15.050
Investment earnings	26,331	38,650	17,952
Other revenue	120,411	3,060	269,384
TOTAL REVENUES	8,774,046	2,435,522	3,409,980
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	2,054,410	-	-
Public safety	3,603,364	-	-
Public works	1,348,897	-	4,620
Culture and recreation	1,409,390	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-
Airport	118,022	-	9,674
Capital outlay			
General government	875	-	1,265,672
Public safety	51,059	-	211,281
Public works	11,133	-	4,702,901
Culture and recreation	21,969	=	3,922,148
Airport	14,277	-	1,715,918
Debt service		1 625 000	25.060
Principal	-	1,635,000	25,060
Interest and other	=	818,274	=
Bond issuance costs		166,026	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,633,396	2,619,300	11,857,274
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	140,650	(183,778)	(8,447,294)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	-	-	12,178
Transfers in	242,263	314,479	2,091,463
Debt issued	-	2,465,000	7,060,000
Bond premium	-	295,923	116,346
Transfers out	(1,639,598)		(100,454)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,397,335)	3,075,402	9,179,533
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,256,685)	2,891,624	732,239
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	5,432,680	5,097,176	1,487,326
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31 The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	\$ 4,175,995	\$ 7,988,800	\$ 2,219,565

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 1,512,870	\$ 7,709,173
-	1,052,356
-	919,624
-	514,713
138,072	4,269,469
715,365	1,926,454
-	118,278
47,127	130,060
6,299	399,154
0,277	377,134
2,419,733	17,039,281
-	2,054,410
137,992	3,741,356
865,218	2,218,735
-	1,409,390
860,981	860,981
-	127,696
	127,000
-	1,266,547
_	262,340
4,559	4,718,593
-	3,944,117
_	1,730,195
	1,730,173
22,396	1,682,456
4,391	822,665
7,371	166,026
	100,020
1,895,537	25,005,507
524 106	(7.066.226)
524,196	(7,966,226)
	10 170
-	12,178
-	2,648,205
-	9,525,000
- (500.1.70)	412,269
(683,153)	(2,423,205)
(683,153)	10,174,447
(158,957)	2,208,221
2,741,840	14,759,022
\$ 2,582,883	\$ 16,967,243

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,208,221
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	11,799,254
Depreciation expense	(3,084,530)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position	(11,807)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Debt issued or incurred	(9,525,000)
Principal repayments	1,682,456
Premium on bonds issued, net of amortization expense	(369,060)
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.	
Pension expense	(1,433,570)
Direct aid contributions	15,660
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however,	
interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(62,821)
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Property taxes	(12,600)
Special assessments	(617,206)
State grants	11,766
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	 (165,365)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 435,398

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	4,254,625	\$	4,154,065	\$	(100,560)	
Payment in lieu of taxes		1,076,000		1,052,356		(23,644)	
Special assessments		-		2,310		2,310	
Licenses and permits		469,600		514,713		45,113	
Intergovernmental		1,726,498		1,767,368		40,870	
Charges for services		1,001,745		1,018,214		16,469	
Fines and forfeits		121,000		118,278		(2,722)	
Investment earnings		15,000		26,331		11,331	
Other revenue		68,200		120,411		52,211	
TOTAL REVENUES		8,732,668		8,774,046		41,378	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		2,248,606		2,054,410		194,196	
Public safety		3,628,340		3,603,364		24,976	
Public works		1,436,725		1,348,897		87,828	
Culture and recreation		1,462,297		1,409,390		52,907	
Airport		115,700		118,022		(2,322)	
Capital outlay							
General government		11,500		875		10,625	
Public safety		30,500		51,059		(20,559)	
Public works		4,500		11,133		(6,633)	
Culture and recreation		7,500		21,969		(14,469)	
Airport		2,000		14,277		(12,277)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		8,947,668		8,633,396		314,272	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(215,000)		140,650		355,650	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		225,000		242,263		17,263	
Transfers out		(10,000)		(1,639,598)	-	(1,629,598)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		215,000		(1,397,335)		(1,612,335)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(1,256,685)		(1,256,685)	
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		5,432,680		5,432,680		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	5,432,680	\$	4,175,995	\$	(1,256,685)	

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	609 Downtown Liquor	610 Plaza Liquor	Totals	
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 83,842	\$ 149,440	\$ 233,282	
Accounts	29,409	44,831	74,240	
Due from other funds	108,385	129,275	237,660	
Inventories	390,142	456,638	846,780	
Other postemployment benefit	5,779	26,549	32,328	
Prepaid items	4,353	2,384	6,737	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	621,910	809,117	1,431,027	
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital assets				
Land	68,603	32,810	101,413	
Buildings	439,516	574,029	1,013,545	
Equipment	167,431	193,333	360,764	
Other improvements	30,996	25,224	56,220	
Less accumulated depreciation	(487,944)	(410,843)	(898,787)	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	218,602	414,553	633,155	
TOTAL ASSETS	840,512	1,223,670	2,064,182	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension resources	107,545	105,109	212,654	
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts and contracts payable	81,083	130,288	211,371	
Due to other governments	21,911	33,589	55,500	
Accrued salaries payable	6,648	7,787	14,435	
Compensated absences payable	13,271	9,124	22,395	
Due to other funds	141,362	121,501	262,863	
Advance from other funds, current portion	-	28,450	28,450	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	264,275	330,739	595,014	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES,				
Compensated absences payable	24,706	13,072	37,778	
Pension liability	283,683	277,258	560,941	
Advance from other funds, net of current maturities	84,335	307,169	391,504	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	392,724	597,499	990,223	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	656,999	928,238	1,585,237	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2.4.252	22 722	45.004	
Deferred pension resources	24,272	23,722	47,994	
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets	134,267	414,553	548,820	
Unrestricted	132,519	(37,734)	94,785	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 266,786	\$ 376,819	\$ 643,605	
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.				

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	609 Downtown	610 Plaza	m 1
OPERATING REVENUES	Liquor	Liquor	Totals
Sales	\$ 2,180,564	\$ 3,265,049	\$ 5,445,613
Cost of sales	(1,679,581)	(2,583,380)	(4,262,961)
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	500,983	681,669	1,182,652
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	352,510	319,372	671,882
Operating supplies and expenses	12,196	18,785	30,981
Insurance	6,867	9,480	16,347
Utilities	13,206	14,266	27,472
Depreciation and amortization	24,002	45,872	69,874
Other services and charges	59,739	78,574	138,313
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	468,520	486,349	954,869
OPERATING INCOME	32,463	195,320	227,783
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Intergovernmental revenue	1,105	1,080	2,185
Miscellaneous income	103	34	137
Investment income	42	67	109
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	800	800
Interest expense		(7,609)	(7,609)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,250	(5,628)	(4,378)
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	33,713	189,692	223,405
TRANSFERS OUT	(82,000)	(143,000)	(225,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(48,287)	46,692	(1,595)
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	315,073	330,127	645,200
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 266,786	\$ 376,819	\$ 643,605

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		609 owntown Liquor		610 Plaza Liquor		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					_	
Receipts from customers		2,170,369	\$	3,220,813		5,391,182
Payments to suppliers and vendors Payments to and on behalf of employees	((1,758,025)		(2,720,318)		(4,478,343) (640,485)
Other receipts		(310,251) 103		(330,234)		137
Other receipts		103		J 1		137
NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		102,196		170,295		272,491
CACHELOWIGED ON MONGAPHENA FINANCING A CENTRE						
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Grants received		1,105		1,080		2,185
Transfer out		(82,000)		(143,000)		(225,000)
		(02,000)	•	(1.0,000)		(220,000)
NET CASH USED BY						
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(80,895)		(141,920)		(222,815)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL						
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of capital assets		(86,213)		(106,983)		(193,196)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		-		800		800
Proceeds from advance		84,335		97,004		181,339
Principal paid on advance		-		(27,610)		(27,610)
Interest paid on advance				(7,609)		(7,609)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,878)		(44,398)		(46,276)
TELETTE TELETIFICATION TO THE TOTAL TELESTICS AND THE TELESTICS AN		(1,070)	-	(11,370)		(10,270)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received on cash and investments		42		67		109
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)						
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		19,465		(15,956)		3,509
IN CARDITAND CARDIT EQUIVALENTS		17,103		(13,730)		3,307
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1		64,377		165,396		229,773
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31	\$	83,842	\$	149,440	\$	233,282
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income	\$	32,463	\$	195,320	\$	227,783
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	т	,	_	->-,	_	,
to net cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation and amortization		24,002		45,872		69,874
Other income related to operations		103		34		137
(Increase) decrease in assets						
Accounts receivable		(9,928)		(12,520)		(22,448)
Due from other funds/departments		(267)		(31,716)		(31,983)
Inventories Prepaid items		(39,082)		11,944		(27,138)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(1)		-		(1)
Deferred pension resources		(88,130)		(83,836)		(171,966)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(,,		(,,		(
Accounts and contracts payable		17,671		(32,564)		(14,893)
Due to other governments		2,880		1,850		4,730
Due to other funds/departments		32,096		2,937		35,033
Accrued salaries payable		1,275		992		2,267
Compensated absences payable		6,840		(9,007)		(2,167)
Pension liability		120,087		98,003		218,090
Other postemployment benefits (asset) liability		1,630		(14,751)		(13,121)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Deferred pension resources		557		(2,263)		(1,706)
Described pension resources		JJ 1		(2,203)		(1,700)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	102,196	\$	170,295	\$	272,491

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of Alexandria, Minnesota (the City) is a municipality governed by an elected Mayor and a five-member Council. The Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City's policy is to include in the financial statements all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each blended component unit has a December 31 year end. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City. Each discretely presented component unit has a December 31 year end.

Blended Component Unit. The Alexandria Economic Development Authority (EDA) was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes, 469.090 through 469.108 to encourage the development and redevelopment of certain properties within the City in accordance with policies established by the City Council. The EDA is considered blended because the City has significant influence on the EDA activities, the EDA has six members, all of whom hold the office of City Council member or mayor and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the EDA and the City. This fund is included with the tax increment financing funds.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The Board of Public Works includes the operations of the water and electric utilities and is governed by a six-member Board of Commissioners, five members appointed by the City Council plus the Utility's general manager. The City does have the authority to approve or modify the operational and capital budgets of the Board of Public Works and any bonded debt of the Board of Public Works must be approved by City Council. The Board of Public Works does not provide services entirely to the City and the Board of Public Works debt is not expected to be repaid by the City's resources. It is this criterion that results in the Board of Public Works being reported as a discretely presented component unit. Completed financial statements of the Board of Public Works can be obtained from the Board of Public Works, 316 Fillmore Street, Alexandria, Minnesota 56308.

Related Organizations. The Alexandria Housing and Redevelopment Authority (the HRA) board members are appointed by the City Council, but the City's accountability for the HRA does not extend beyond making the appointments. Audited financial statements are available upon request from the HRA offices located at 805 Fillmore Street, Alexandria, MN. 56308.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its Component Units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and component unit financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and special assessment bond principal and interest from special assessment levies when the City is obligated in some manner for the payment.

The *Capital Projects fund* accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Downtown Liquor and Plaza Liquor funds* account for the operations of the City's off-sale municipal liquor stores.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, sewer and electric functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows or resources, and net position/fund balance

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Investments are stated at fair value. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed investment contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Broker money market funds operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the shares.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's recurring fair value measurements are listed in detail on page 58 and are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Property taxes

The Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December for collection the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlement payments are made to the City during January, June and December each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. The Board of Public Works accounts receivable of \$965,113 are recorded net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$55,706 at December 31, 2016. Accounts are considered past due based on how recently payments have been received. Accounts of customers who have terminated their electric service are considered uncollectible and charged-off if no payment has been received after 60 days. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for the City or the Municipal Liquor Dispensary because such amounts are not expected to be material.

Notes receivable

Notes receivable represent the amount of revolving loans the City has made to other entities. An allowance account in the amount of \$120,638 has been recorded related to these notes.

Due from other governments

Due from other governments includes amounts due from State and/or Federal grantors for grants related to specific financial assistance programs and also amounts due from the County for the January property tax settlement. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

Payment in lieu of taxes

The Board of Public Works is exempt from federal and state income taxes. However, the Board of Public Works makes annual payment in lieu of taxes to the City. That payment is reflected as an expense on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and General fund revenue on the City's statement revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

Due to other governments

Due to other governments represent amounts the City owes to other governments for various projects. The Board of Public Works collects revenue from customers of the Alexandria Lakes Area Sanitary District (ALASD). The collections are paid to ALASD monthly.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Special assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are annually certified to the County or received in cash or within 60 days after year end. All governmental special assessments receivable are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories for the Municipal Liquor Dispensary are stated at the lower of cost or market on an average cost basis of the first-in, first out (FIFO) method. A perpetual inventory tracking system is used for the management of inventory and pricing by the Municipal Liquor Dispensary.

Inventories at the Board of Public Works are generally used for construction, operation and maintenance work rather than for resale. They are valued at lower of cost or market utilizing the average cost method and charged to construction or expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted assets

Certain proceeds from revenue bonds of the Board of Public Works are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the estimated acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

For financial statement purposes only, the City's capitalization threshold is \$2,500.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30 - 50
Other improvements	5 - 25
Furniture and equipment	5 - 25

Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and component unit financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. For the most part, the General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences payable.

Employees are also compensated for 50 percent of their unused sick leave up to 60 days upon termination or retirement and 100 percent upon death. However, the Board of Public Works' union employees are compensated for 75 percent of their unused sick leave and non-union employees will be paid for unused sick leave based on the lesser of a percentage of the unused balance determined by their years of service or 120 days of accumulated sick leave in the event of retirement, termination or death. Therefore, 50 percent of sick leave for the City employees and 75 percent for the Board of Public Works' employees is accrued and expensed as earned in the government-wide, proprietary funds and component unit financial statements.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions

Under Minnesota statute 471.61, subdivision 2b., public employers must allow retirees and their dependents to continue coverage indefinitely in an employer-sponsored health care plan, under the following conditions: 1) Retirees must be receiving (or eligible to receive) an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan, 2) Coverage must continue in group plan until age 65, and retirees must pay no more than the group premium, and 3) Retirees may obtain dependent coverage immediately before retirement. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The liability was actuarially determined, in accordance with GASB Statement 45, at January 1, 2014.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The City has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council (the Council), which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Administrator.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. It is the City's policy that at the end of each fiscal year, the City will strive to maintain unassigned portion of the fund balance for cash flow of 35 to 50 percent of fund operating revenues or no less than five months of operating expenditures. When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consist of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

Beginning in June of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the Administrator/Clerk/Treasurer so that a budget may be prepared. The City Council begins discussion of the budget in August at Work Sessions and adopts a preliminary budget and levy after a public hearing prior to September 30. A final budget is prepared and adopted in early December following the Truth-in-Taxation public hearing.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Council. No budget amendments were made during the year.

B. Deficit fund equity

The following funds had fund equity deficits at December 31, 2016:

Fund	_	Am	ount
Special revenue		,	
Storm Water Utility		\$	83,468

The above deficits will be eliminated through future storm water utility charges for services.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance, bonds, or irrevocable standby letters of credit from Federal Home Loan Banks.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rate "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$4,735,860 and the bank balance was \$5,498,970. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. Of the remaining balance, \$4,998,970 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name.

The carrying amount of deposits for the Alexandria Light and Power, a discretely presented component unit, was \$5,426,774 and the bank balance was \$5,482,695. The bank balance was covered by \$1,240,732 of federal depository insurance. The remaining balances were collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's trust department in the Board's name.

Investments

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- *Credit Risk*. Is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes limit the City's investments.
- Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's does not have an investment policy but typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. Is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. This risk is mitigated by most of the City's investments being in certificates of deposit at local banks.
- Interest Rate Risk. Is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturity of its investment portfolio to less than five years and mainly investing in investments with little exposure to declines in fair value.

Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City Administrator and Finance Director. Investing is performed in accordance state statutes. The City has adopted an investment policy, and follows the related statute which is described in Note 1.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

At December 31, 2016, the City had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or it's agent in the City's name:

						Fair
						Value
	Credit	Segmented			M	easurement
	Quality	Time				Using
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)		Amount		Level 1
Pooled investments at amortized costs						
Broker Money Market Funds	N/A	less than 6 months	\$	10,932		
Non-pooled investments at amortized costs						
Non-negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	1 to 3 years		250,000		
Non-pooled investments at fair value						
Non-pooled investments at fair value	NT/A	1 . 2		000 620	Ф	000 (20
Government Agency Securities	N/A	1 to 3 years		988,620	\$	988,620
Government Agency Securities	AAA	1 to 3 years		749,550		749,550
Government Agency Securities	N/A	more than 3 years		1,941,463		1,941,463
Government Agency Securities	Aaa	more than 3 years		494,100		494,100
Government Agency Securities	N/A	more than 3 years		2,566,523		2,566,523
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	less than 6 months		249,022		249,022
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	6 months to 1 year		746,148		746,148
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	1 to 3 years		1,734,823		1,734,823
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	more than 3 years		487,626		487,626
Total investments			\$	10,218,807	\$	9,957,875
			Ψ	,=10,007		- , , , , , , , ,

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

⁽²⁾ Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A indicates not applicable or available.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Discretely presented component unit

Board of Public Works

	Credit	Segmented												
Quality/		Time	Time			Fair Value Measurement Using								
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amount		Amount Level 1			Level 2	Le	vel 3				
Pooled investments at amortized costs														
4M Fund	N/A	less than 6 months	\$	5										
Non-pooled investments at amortized costs														
Money Market Funds	N/A	less than 6 months		374,369										
Non-pooled investments at fair value														
Government Agency Securities	Aaa	1 to 3 years		813,681	\$	813,681	\$	-	\$	-				
Government Agency Securities	Aaa	more than 3 years		986,625		986,625		-		-				
Government Agency Securities	AAA	more than 3 years		5,037,999		5,037,999		5,037,999		5,037,999		-		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	less than 6 months		200,026		-		200,026		_				
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	6 months to 1 year		400,024		-		400,024		-				
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	1 to 3 years		1,186,393		-		1,186,393		-				
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	more than 3 years		242,366		-		242,366						
Total investments			\$	9,241,488	\$	6,838,305	\$	2,028,809	\$					

Cash on hand

Cash in the possession of the City, consisting of petty cash and change funds, totals \$3,632.

Cash and investments summary

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position for the City, including the component units, follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit Board of Public Works	Total Reporting Entity
Deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$4,735,860 10,218,807 3,382	\$ 5,426,774 9,241,488 250	\$ 10,162,634 19,460,295 3,632
Total	\$ 14,958,049	\$ 14,668,512	\$ 29,626,561
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted debt service reserve deposits	\$ 12,384,470 2,573,579	\$ 13,683,385 985,127	\$ 26,067,855 3,558,706
Total	\$ 14,958,049	\$ 14,668,512	\$ 29,626,561

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

B. Operating lease receivable

The City has agreed to lease land to a local non-profit organization for a period of 25 years ending on February 28, 2031. This lease is renewable by the lessee for an additional 5 years. The lease payments are to be \$1,200 per year.

C. Loans receivable

The City has loaned funds to various local businesses. These notes will be paid back with monthly payments at interest rates ranging from 1 to 6 percent. The balance of these loans, net of an allowance of \$88,638, at December 31, 2016 is \$387,561.

The City has City Housing Assistance Program (CHAP) loans receivable to various qualified homeowners. These loans may become forgivable if the homeowner remains for a specified time period. The balance of these loans, net of an allowance of \$32,000, at December 31, 2016 is \$106,015.

D. Capital assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,887,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,887,179
Construction in progress	6,878,253	11,385,307	(5,989,977)	12,273,583
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	9,765,432	11,385,307	(5,989,977)	15,160,762
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	18,208,288	192,312	-	18,400,600
Improvements other than buildings	79,617,082	5,629,617	-	85,246,699
Machinery and equipment	9,503,068	581,995	(294,513)	9,790,550
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	107,328,438	6,403,924	(294,513)	113,437,849
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(6,367,557)	(459,341)	-	(6,826,898)
Improvements other than buildings	(33,225,092)	(2,117,481)	-	(35,342,573)
Machinery and equipment	(6,941,384)	(507,708)	282,706	(7,166,386)
Total accumulated depreciation	(46,534,033)	(3,084,530)	282,706	(49,335,857)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	60,794,405	3,319,394	(11,807)	64,101,992
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 70,559,837	\$ 14,704,701	\$ (6,001,784)	\$ 79,262,754

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

	Beginning					Ending		
		Balance	Iı	ncreases	De	ecreases		Balance
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	101,413	\$		\$		\$	101,413
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		996,899		16,646				1,013,545
Equipment		202,388		176,550		(18,174)		360,764
Other improvements		56,220		170,330		(10,174)		56,220
Other improvements		30,220						30,220
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		1,255,507		193,196		(18,174)		1,430,529
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		(643,528)		(47,097)		_		(690,625)
Equipment		(160,046)		(19,939)		18,174		(161,811)
Other improvements		(43,513)		(2,838)		-		(46,351)
ouer improvements		(13,313)		(2,030)	-			(10,551)
Total accumulated depreciation		(847,087)		(69,874)		18,174		(898,787)
Total conital conta								
Total capital assets		400 420		102 222				521 742
being depreciated, net		408,420		123,322				531,742
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	509,833	\$	123,322	\$		\$	633,155
Depreciation expense was charged to functi	ions/p	rograms of the	e prima	ary governme	nt as fo	llows:		
			_					
Governmental activities							Ф	27.752
General government							\$	37,753
Public safety								414,703
Public works Culture and recreation								2,190,828 242,400
Airport								198,846
Total depreciation expense - governm	ental a	activities					\$	3,084,530
Business-type activities								
Municipal Liquor Dispensary							\$	69,874

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Discretely presented component unit

Capital asset activity for the component units for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Board of Public Works

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and land rights	\$ 131,476	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 131,476
Srevice territory acquired	234,533	-	-	234,533
Construction in progress	2,329,017	2,906,557	(3,811,705)	1,423,869
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,695,026	2,906,557	(3,811,705)	1,789,878
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and structures	2,472,091	29,237	-	2,501,328
Transmission plant	2,753,133	10,448	-	2,763,581
Distribution plant	77,571,619	3,333,264	(12,029)	80,892,854
General equipment	5,865,545	731,439	(52,536)	6,544,448
Total capital assets being depreciated	88,662,388	4,104,388	(64,565)	92,702,211
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and structures	(1,923,209)	(48,495)	-	(1,971,704)
Transmission plant	(958,687)	(83,437)	-	(1,042,124)
Distribution plant	(29,355,063)	(1,795,054)	972	(31,149,145)
General equipment	(4,213,623)	(299,521)	39,104	(4,474,040)
Total accumulated depreciation	(36,450,582)	(2,226,507)	40,076	(38,637,013)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	52,211,806	1,877,881	(24,489)	54,065,198
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 54,906,832	\$ 4,784,438	\$ (3,836,194)	\$ 55,855,076

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the component units as follows:

Component unit	
Electric	\$ 1,259,270
Water	902,294
Fiber	64,943_
Total depreciation expense - component unit	\$ 2,226,507

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Construction commitments

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2016. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	S	pent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Phase 4 part 1 water - plans, specs and construction,	\$	5,330,105	\$	114,659	
Broadway Reconstruction		6,821,435		58,359	
Phase 4 part 3 watermain, Geneva Rd reclaim and Multi-Use Trail					
construction, plans and specs		1,673,833		7,235	
50th Avenue reconstruction, plans, specs and construction		1,820,239		11,438	
8th Ave Street and Storm Sewer plans and specs		1,019,494		20,884	
2017 MSA street improvements, plans and specs		13,140		35,526	
2017 local street improvements, plans and specs		19,376		35,984	
Mill and Overlay Runway 4/22 and Airport pavements, design,					
specs and construction		1,563,609		152,373	
Irving Street & Utility Reconstruction, plans and specs		16,196		26,424	
2016 MSA street improvements, plans, specs and construction		844,262		44,698	
Wal-Mart Frontage Road plans and specs		59,545		79,121	
Rosewood Lane Ditch grading plans and specs		8,458		14,096	
Birch Avenue Improvements plans and specs		18,520		79,436	
Cardinal Lane paving and storm sewer		148,123		9,796	
Victoria Heights/Rosewood Lane reclaim project		872,395		39,875	
Guaranteed Energy Savings project		5,320,590		311,583	
Total	\$	25,549,320	\$	1,041,487	

E. Operating leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement for a diesel-powered backup generator with Douglas County for eight years with the option to renew after the term has ended. The City must pay \$963.87 per month beginning on July 1, 2011 and ending on June 1, 2019. In addition, the City will also pay \$67.20 per month for 35 percent of the County's maintenance fee and the City will pay 35 percent of the actual fuel cost.

The City is leasing land for a period of ten years. The City must pay \$1,200 per year.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2016, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities
2017	\$ 13,572
2018	13,572
2019	6,186
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 33,330

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

F. Interfund receivables, payables and transfers

Interfund receivables/payables

The composition of advances from/to other funds at December 31, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Proprietary	
	Downtown Liquor	\$ 13,116
	Plaza Liquor	12,087
Proprietary	Proprietary	
Downtown Liquor	Plaza Liquor	129,275
Plaza Liquor	Downtown Liquor	108,385
General	Non-major	
	TIF District #25	28,913
Net internal balance		\$ 291,776

The outstanding balance between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds are made.

Advances from/to other funds

There was an advance from the City for remodeling and an addition to the Plaza Liquor store. This will be retired from net revenues from the Plaza Liquor store.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Interest Rate	_	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
Revolving Loan	Municipal Liquor Dispensary	3.00	%	07/01/09	07/01/24	\$ 238,615
Revolving Loan	Municipal Liquor Dispensary	*		04/11/16	*	181,339
Revolving Loan	Airport Development	*		05/23/16	*	80,631
Total						\$ 500,585

^{*} Loan agreements will be finalized once the total project is complete in 2017.

A summary of total future interfund loan repayments follows, except for the loan from the Revolving Loan fund to the Municipal Liquor Dispensary for \$181,339 and the Airport Development fund for \$80,631 since they do not have a repayment agreement yet:

Year Ending December 31,	Pri	Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$	28,450	\$	6,769	\$	35,219
2018		29,315		5,904		35,219
2019		30,207		5,012		35,219
2020		31,126		4,094		35,220
2021		32,073		3,147		35,220
2022 - 2024		87,444		3,542		90,986
Total	<u> \$ </u>	238,615	\$	28,468	\$	267,083

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Interfund transfers

Transfers made for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Transfer In									
Fund		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total		
Transfer out				_						
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,639,598	\$	1,639,598		
Capital Projects		-		100,454		-		100,454		
Nonmajor governmental		17,263		214,025		451,865		683,153		
Downtown Liquor		82,000		-		-		82,000		
Plaza Liquor		143,000						143,000		
Total transfers out	\$	242,263	\$	314,479	\$	2,091,463	\$	2,648,205		

During the year, reoccurring transfers are used to 1) transfer a portion of the profits from the Downtown Liquor and Plaza Liquor fund to the General fund and 2) transfer funds to cover bond payments. Further, during the year ended December 31, 2016, the government made the following one-time transfers:

- From the Employee Benefit fund to the General fund to transfer an amount equal to the retiring/terminating employee's vacation and half of sick time for one employee in the amount of \$17,263.
- From the General fund to the Capital Project funds to transfer excess general fund reserves in the amount of \$1,639,598.
- From the Street Reconstruction fund to the G.O. Improvement Bonds 2016A to transfer 2013 and 2015 levies for street construction in the amount of \$100,454.
- From the Storm Water Utility fund to the Capital Project funds for the SW share of 2016 Street Improvements in the amount of \$8,386.
- From the Storm Water Utility fund to the Capital Project funds for the SW share of the Cardinal Lane Project in the amount of \$18,813.
- From the Storm Water Utility fund to the Capital Project funds for the 8th Avenue reconstruction storm water portion in the amount of \$424,666.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

G. Long-term debt

General obligation bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund special assessments related bonds. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Primary government debt

General obligation improvement bonds

The following bonds are direct obligations and pledge full faith and credit of the City. These bond issues will be repaid primarily from ad valorem taxes.

						Balance
	A	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	at
Description	8	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Year End
G.O. Tax Abatement		_	_			
Bonds of 2009A	\$	1,190,000	3.00 - 4.60 %	03/15/09	02/01/30	\$ 925,000
G.O. Improvement						
Bonds of 2010A		5,205,000	1.50 - 5.00	09/15/10	02/01/31	4,495,000
G.O. Refunding						
Bonds of 2014B		1,470,000	2.00 - 3.00	09/15/14	02/01/30	1,310,000
G.O. Bonds of 2016A		7,060,000	2.00 - 3.00	08/25/16	02/01/37	7,060,000
G.O. Refunding						
Bonds of 2016B		780,000	2.00 - 3.00	08/25/16	02/01/30	 780,000
Total General Obligation Bon	ıds					\$ 14,570,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation improvement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds Governmental Activities						
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2017	\$ 385,000	\$ 426,455	\$ 811,455				
2018	500,000	426,979	926,979				
2019	1,350,000	394,878	1,744,878				
2020	600,000	360,371	960,371				
2021	635,000	342,206	977,206				
2022 - 2026	4,130,000	1,347,039	5,477,039				
2027 - 2031	4,695,000	631,133	5,326,133				
2032 - 2036	1,900,000	147,615	2,047,615				
2037	375,000	4,453	379,453				
Total	\$ 14,570,000	\$ 4,081,129	\$ 18,651,129				

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

G.O. special assessment (improvement) bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid primarily from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements. Some issues, however, are partly financed by ad valorem tax levies. All special assessment debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

	A	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Balance at
Description	a	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	 Year End
G.O. Improvement		_				_
Bonds of 2007B	\$	4,435,000	4.00 - 5.00 %	12/15/07	02/01/28	\$ 2,380,000
G.O. Improvement						
Bonds of 2011A		2,475,000	1.00 - 2.90	08/15/11	02/01/22	1,915,000
G.O. Improvement						
Bonds of 2013A		5,490,000	2.60 - 3.00	09/01/13	02/01/24	4,865,000
G.O. Improvement						
Bonds of 2014A		2,900,000	2.60 - 3.00	09/15/14	02/01/24	2,810,000
G.O. Refunding						
Bonds of 2014B		1,470,000	2.00 - 3.00	09/15/14	02/01/25	965,000
G.O. Refunding						
Bonds of 2016B		1,685,000	2.00 - 3.00	08/25/16	02/01/28	1,685,000
Total G.O. Improvement	Bonds	3				\$ 14,620,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation improvement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Improvement Bonds Governmental Activities						
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$ 1,580,000	\$	392,805	\$	1,972,805		
2018	3,410,000		312,961		3,722,961		
2019	1,515,000		233,530		1,748,530		
2020	1,530,000		194,505		1,724,505		
2021	1,445,000		155,201		1,600,201		
2022 - 2026	4,760,000		283,272		5,043,272		
2027 - 2028	380,000		7,600		387,600		
Total	\$ 14,620,000	\$	1,579,874	\$	16,199,874		

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Loans payable

The following loans were issued to finance capital improvements. They will be retired from net revenues of the governmental funds.

Description	 uthorized nd Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
City Homestead Assistance Program loan MNDOT Airport	\$ 172,500	4.00 - 8.25 %	01/01/04	12/31/22	\$ 74,980
Hangar loan	93,000	4.00 - 6.11	01/01/05	12/31/22	 27,149
Total loans payable					\$ 102,129

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for loans payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Loans Payable Governmental Activities							
December 31,	P	rincipal	I1	nterest		Total		
2017	\$	48,778	\$	3,304	\$	52,082		
2018		25,602		2,232		27,834		
2019		11,855		1,262		13,117		
2020		7,446		737		8,183		
2021		5,417		375		5,792		
2022		3,031		111		3,142		
Total	_\$	102,129	\$	8,021	\$	110,150		

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities				 		
Bonds payable						
General obligation bonds	\$	7,110,000	\$ 7,840,000	\$ (380,000)	\$ 14,570,000	\$ 385,000
General obligation						
improvement bonds		14,190,000	1,685,000	(1,255,000)	14,620,000	1,580,000
Bond discount		(16,804)	-	1,898	(14,906)	-
Bond premium		434,162	 412,268	 (45,106)	 801,324	
Total bonds payable		21,717,358	9,937,268	(1,678,208)	29,976,418	1,965,000
Hangar loan		52,209	-	(25,060)	27,149	25,060
CHAP loans		97,376	-	(22,396)	74,980	23,718
Other post employment						
benefits payable		735,170	97,949	-	833,119	-
Pension liability						
GERF		1,859,720	1,337,121	(177,081)	3,019,760	-
PEPFF		1,817,974	5,452,162	(287,213)	6,982,923	-
Compensated absences						
payable		728,839	431,031	 (363,615)	796,255	284,731
Governmental activity						
long-term liabilities	\$	27,008,646	\$ 17,255,531	\$ (2,553,573)	\$ 41,710,604	\$ 2,298,509
Business-type activities						
Pension liability						
GERF	\$	342,851	\$ 264,232	\$ (46,142)	\$ 560,941	\$ -
Compensated absences						
payable		62,340	42,931	(45,098)	60,173	22,395
Business-type activity						
long-term liabilities	\$	405,191	\$ 307,163	\$ (91,240)	\$ 621,114	\$ 22,395

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Crossover refunding

On August 25, 2016 the City issued \$2,465,000 of General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B. Of the bond issued, \$1,685,000 will crossover refund the 2007B General Obligation Improvement Bond and \$780,000 will crossover refund the 2009A General Obligation Tax Abatement Bond. The refunding proceeds of the bonds were deposited in an escrow account and will be used to pay issuance costs and purchase government obligations. The 2007B bonds will be refunded on February 1, 2018 and the 2009A bonds will be refunded on February 1, 2019. The escrow account will also provide debt service payments on the new bond until the crossover date. The old bonds are not considered defeased until the crossover dates, and therefore will not be removed as liabilities. As a result of the crossover refunding issue, the City will save \$303,001 in debt service payments and achieve an economic gain (the present value of the difference between the old and the new debt service) of \$272,474.

Discretely presented component unit

Board of Public Works

Revenue bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance capital improvements. They will be retired from net revenues of the enterprise funds.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
Electric Utility Refunding					
Bonds of 2007A	\$ 6,310,000	4.00 - 4.125 %	06/15/07	12/01/24	\$ 2,260,000
Electric Utility Revenue					
Bonds of 2015A	5,395,000	2.00 - 3.25	12/30/15	12/01/35	5,165,000
Total Revenue Bonds					\$ 7,425,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for Revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2017	\$	770,000	\$	225,760	\$	995,760		
2018		785,000		199,360		984,360		
2019		395,000		172,360		567,360		
2020		405,000		161,060		566,060		
2021		415,000		149,460		564,460		
2022 - 2026	1,	865,000		561,551		2,426,551		
2027 - 2031	1,	445,000		345,508		1,790,508		
2032 - 2035		345,000		109,680		1,454,680		
Total	\$ 7,	425,000	\$	1,924,739	\$	9,349,739		

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

G.O. Revenue notes

The following notes were issued to finance capital improvements. They will be retired from net revenues of the enterprise funds.

	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Balance at
Description	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Year End
G.O. Water Revenue	· -				
Note of 2002	\$ 1,050,116	3.38 %	07/30/02	08/20/22	\$ 396,000
G.O. Drinking Water					
Revenue Note of 2009	3,765,480	2.445	09/01/09	08/20/29	2,540,000
Total G.O. Revenue Notes					\$ 2,936,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for Revenue notes are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Notes							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2017	\$ 229,000	\$	75,488	\$	304,488			
2018	236,000)	69,318		305,318			
2019	242,000)	62,959		304,959			
2020	248,000)	56,435		304,435			
2021	254,000)	49,744		303,744			
2022 - 2026	1,068,000)	157,242		1,225,242			
2027 - 2029	659,000	<u> </u>	32,494		691,494			
			_		_			
Total	\$ 2,936,000) \$	503,680	\$	3,439,680			

Annual revenues from charges for services, principal and interest payments, and percentages of revenue required to cover principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Board of
	Public Works
Revenues	\$ 27,571,635
Principal and interest	1,305,430
Percentage of revenues	4.7%

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning						Ending		Due Within	
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance		One Year	
Business-type activities										
Revenue bonds	\$	8,185,000	\$	-	\$	(760,000)	\$	7,425,000	\$	770,000
G.O. revenue notes		3,159,000		-		(223,000)		2,936,000		229,000
Bond premium		30,442				(1,522)		28,920		_
		_								
Bonds payable		11,374,442		-		(984,522)		10,389,920		999,000
Compensated absences payable		985,116		347,350		(326,176)		1,006,291		276,832
Pension liability										
GERF		2,171,476		1,477,355		(198,042)		3,450,789		-
Other postemployment benefits		167,541		29,441		(20,827)		176,155		
Business-type activity										
long-term liabilities	\$	14,698,575	\$	1,854,146	\$	(1,529,567)	\$	15,023,155	\$	1,275,832

Conduit debt obligation

The City has set forth a policy statement in an effort to be consistent with its use to Industrial Development Bonds within the City's jurisdiction. It is the judgement of the Council that tax exempt financing is to be used on a selective basis to encourage certain development that offers a benefit to the City has a whole, including significant employment and housing opportunities. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The conduit debt obligation for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Issued to	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Balance at Year End	
Prairie Community Services - 1999A	07/01/99	07/01/19	\$ 1,754,436	\$ 278,734	
Prairie Community Services - 1999C	07/01/99	07/01/19	1,038,906	165,054	
St. Mary's Church School Project - 2005A	03/22/05	03/01/30	2,800,000	2,050,750	
St. Mary's Church School Project - 2005B	11/29/05	11/01/30	1,200,000	453,546	
Knute Nelson - Assisted Living Facility	06/08/06	06/01/27	4,300,000	2,694,261	
Alexandria Area YMCA	12/15/08	06/15/20	6,000,000	1,316,972	
Knute Nelson Senior Living Campus	07/08/10	07/01/45	19,865,000	19,865,000	
Knute Nelson project	07/08/10	07/08/25	4,500,000	2,814,798	
ATCC Foundation	09/01/11	03/01/43	7,040,000	6,542,578	

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - STATEWIDE

A. Plan description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Minnesota statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5 percent increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, are given 1 percent increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERF benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

PEPFF benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For PEPFF members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

GERF contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 percent and 6.50 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2016. The City was required to contribute 11.78 percent of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2016. The City's contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$198,124, \$191,394 and \$178,473, respectively. The Board of Public Works contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$200,269, \$196,803 and \$175,557, respectively. The City's and Board of Public Works contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

PEPFF contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.8 percent of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2016. The City was required to contribute 16.20 percent of pay for PEPFF members in calendar year 2016. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$278,811, \$243,780 and \$222,790, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

D. Pension costs

GERF pension costs

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$3,580,701 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. At December 31, 2016, the Board of Public Works reported a liability of \$3,450,789 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the fund in 2016. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$46,790 and with the Board of Public Works totaled \$45,116. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's and Board of Public Works proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's and Board of Public Works contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportionate share was 0.0441 percent which was an increase of 0.0016 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015. At June 30, 2016, the Board of Public Works proportionate share was 0.0425 percent which was a decrease of 0.0006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$474,241 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Board of Public Works recognized pension expense of \$395,143 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$13,952 and the Board of Public Works recognized an additional \$13,452 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the GERF.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

At December 31, 2016, the City and Board of Public Works reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Primary government			Component unit			nit	
		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Ι	Deferred
	C	Outflows]	Inflows	C	Outflows]	Inflows
	of l	Resources	of l	Resources	of	Resources	of l	Resources
Differences between expected and		_		_		_		_
actual experience	\$	10,798	\$	298,246	\$	11,150	\$	283,088
Changes in actuarial assumptions		773,060		-		743,686		-
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on plan investments		406,779		-		387,888		-
Changes in proportion		66,412		8,115		24,905		100,094
Contributions to GERF subsequent								
to the measurement date		100,400				100,603		
Total	\$	1,357,449	\$	306,361	\$	1,268,232	\$	383,182

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$201,003 related to pensions resulting from the City's and Board of Public Works contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Primary government			
2017	\$ 266,635	\$	198,170	
2018	187,843		120,487	
2019	366,868		341,142	
2020	129,342		124,648	
2021	-		-	
Thereafter	_		_	

PEPFF pension costs

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$6,982,923 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportionate share was 0.1740 percent which was an increase of 0.0014 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,127,889 for its proportionate share of PEPFF's pension expense. The City also recognized \$15,660 for the year ended December 31, 2016, as pension expense (and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the plan. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the PEPFF each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

At December 31, 2016, the City reported its proportionate share of PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	1,505	\$	825,202
Changes in actuarial assumptions		4,126,434		-
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments		619,953		-
Changes in proportion		232,746		-
Contributions to PEPFF subsequent				
to the measurement date		141,616		-
Total	\$	5,122,254	\$	825,202

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$141,616 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to PEPFF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2017	\$ 801,371
2018	801,372
2019	1,014,548
2020	848,005
2021	690,140
Thereafter	-

E. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Active member payroll growth	3.25% per year
Investment rate of return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for the GERF and RP-2000 tables for the PEPFF for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be: 1 percent per year for all future years for the GERF and PEPFF.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF was completed in 2015. The experience study for PEPFF was for the period July 1, 2004, through June 30, 2009.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2016:

GERF

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

PEPFF

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	45.00 %	5.50 %
International stocks	15.00	6.00
Bonds	18.00	1.45
Alternative assets	20.00	6.40
Cash	2.00	0.50
Total	100.00 %	

F. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent, a reduction from the 7.90 percent used in 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

In the PEPFF, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2056. Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2057 for the PEPFF, when projected benefit payments exceed the funds' projected fiduciary net position, benefit payments were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating at the measurement date. An equivalent single discount rate of 5.60 percent for the PEPFF was determined that produced approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using 7.50 percent applied to all years of projected benefits through the point of asset depletion and 2.85 percent after.

G. Pension liability sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

City Proportionate Share of NPL					
	1 Percent				1 Percent
Decr	rease (6.50%)	Current (7.50%)		Incr	ease (8.50%)
	_		_		_
\$	5,085,657	\$	3,580,701	\$	2,341,027
	4,901,143		3,450,789		2,256,092
	1 Percent				1 Percent
Decr	rease (4.60%)	Cur	rent (5.60%)	Incr	ease (6.60%)
	9,775,165		6,982,923		4,701,449
	Decr	1 Percent Decrease (6.50%) \$ 5,085,657 4,901,143 1 Percent Decrease (4.60%)	1 Percent Decrease (6.50%) \$ 5,085,657 4,901,143 1 Percent Decrease (4.60%) Cur	1 Percent Decrease (6.50%) \$ 5,085,657 \$ 3,580,701 4,901,143	1 Percent Decrease (6.50%) \$ 5,085,657 \$ 3,580,701 \$ 4,901,143

H. Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A. Plan description

All members of the Alexandria Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Alexandria Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2014, the plan covered 30 active firefighters and 2 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits provided

A firefighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed fewer than 20 years of service. The reduced pension, available to members with 10 years of service, shall be equal to 60 percent of the pension as prescribed by the bylaws. This percentage increases 4 percent per year so that at 20 years of service, the full amount prescribed is paid. Members who retire with less than 20 years of service and have reached the age of 50 years and have completed at least 10 years of active membership are entitled to a reduced service pension not to exceed the amount calculated by multiplying the member's service pension for the completed years of service times the applicable non-forfeitable percentage of pension.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$135,561 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the City Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2016, which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City made no voluntary contributions to the plan. Furthermore, the firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Note 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION - CONTINUED

D. Pension costs

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a net pension liability (asset) of (\$309,953) for the plan. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by Van Iwaarden Associates applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2015. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position Li (a) (b)		Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension vility (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning balance January 1, 2016	\$ 2,075,383	\$	2,838,035	\$	(762,652)
Changes for the year					
Service cost	99,006		-		99,006
Interest on pension liability (asset)	115,843		-		115,843
Changes in assumptions	(129,171)		-		(129,171)
Changes of benefit terms	180,109		-		180,109
Actuarial experience (gains)/losses	-		-		-
Projected investment return	_		-		-
Contributions (State and local)	_		135,561		(135,561)
Net investment income	_		(316,113)		316,113
Contributions (employer)	-		-		-
Nonemployer contributions	-		-		-
Adjustment to initial asset transfer	-		-		-
(Gain)/loss	-		-		-
Benefit payments	(136,320)		(136,320)		-
Administrative expenses	 		(6,360)		6,360
Total net changes	 129,467		(323,232)		452,699
Ending balance December 31, 2016	\$ 2,204,850	\$	2,514,803	\$	(309,953)

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$348,001.

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pension from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion	\$	477,956 -	\$	113,775
Total	\$	477,956	\$	113,775

Note 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION - CONTINUED

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2017	\$ 112,233
2018	112,233
2019	112,233
2020	79,673
2021	(15,396)
Thereafter	(36,795)

E. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2015 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement eligibility at age 50 or after completion of 20 years of service. If a member is both age 50 and has completed 10 years of service, but not 20 years, the lump sum pension will be reduced by 4 percent for each year of service less than 20 years.

Discount rate	7.50%
Inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
20 year municipal bond yield	3.57%

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions in 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
	54.44.04	5 50 ov
Domestic equity	54.44 %	5.58 %
International equity	20.73	5.71
Fixed income	5.31	2.27
Real estate and alternatives	0.48	4.44
Cash and equivalents	19.04	0.84
m . 1	100.00	
Total	100.00 %	

Note 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

F. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension liability sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	1	Percent	1 Percent				
	Decr	Decrease (6.50%)		rent (7.50%)	Increase (8.50%)		
Defined benefit plan	\$	(239,327)	\$	(309,953)	\$	(378,690)	

H. Pension plan fiduciary net position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to the Alexandria Fire Department Relief Association, 704 Broadway, Alexandria, MN 56308.

Note 6: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

There are several pending litigations outstanding and at this point they are being handled by the League of Minnesota Cities legal team and the City could be subject to damages. At this time those damages are undeterminable.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

Note 6: OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

C. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota from the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2016 was \$1,471,798 which accounted for 17 percent of General fund revenues.

The Board of Public Works purchases substantially all power from two suppliers. Approximately forty percent of the Board of Public Work's labor force is subject to a collective bargaining agreement.

D. Commitments and contingencies

The City, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigations. The City estimates that the potential claims resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements of the City. No Liability or provision of loss has been recorded in the December 31, 2016 financial statements in relation to any of these matters.

E. Joint Powers Agreement

Lakes Area Recreation was established by an agreement between the City of Alexandria, Minnesota, Independent School District No. 206, and the Alexandria and LaGrande Townships, pursuant to authority contained in *Minnesota Statutes* Section 471.59. The Lakes Area Recreation Board is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the program. The majority of the Recreation Program's funding is provided by patron fees and local government contributions. The financial statements are audited and available for inspection. Per the agreement, in 2016, the annual contribution was \$71,748 and the City also contributed \$7,500 for the Life Guards at Le Homme Dieu beach.

The Water Control Board was established by an agreement between the City of Alexandria, Douglas County, Alexandria Township, LaGrande Township, and Alexandria Lakes Area Sanitary District to prevent, control and abate water quality and flooding in the City watersheds. Per the agreement, in 2016, the City was not required to make a payment to the Water Control Board.

The Alexandria Area Economic Development Commission is a not-for-profit 501 C 6 organization that was founded by the City of Alexandria and surrounding Townships in 1990 as a result of the Star City program. The Alexandria Area Economic Development Commission is responsible for coordinating daily economic development activities for the City and surrounding area. During 2016 the City paid TIF administration fees of \$45,736 to the Alexandria Area Economic Development Commission.

The Lakes Area Economic Development Authority was formed in 2004 with special legislation that brought together the Cities of Alexandria and Garfield and the Townships of Alexandria and LaGrande into an Authority. The purpose of the organization is to fund the operations of the Alexandria Area Economic Development Commission and to support economic development initiatives, through designated powers by the State of Minnesota and as a political subdivision of the state.

Alexandria Joint Airport Zoning Board was established to control zoning and land use at the airport by an agreement between the City of Alexandria and Douglas County.

The West Central Minnesota Drug & Violent Crime Task Force was established by an agreement between; Douglas County, Becker County, Otter Tail County, Grant County, Pope County, Wadena County, City of Glenwood, City of Starbuck, City of Fergus Falls, City of Pelican Rapids, City of Alexandria and City of Wadena, for the purpose of coordinating and strengthening efforts to identify, apprehend, and prosecute drug related and violent crime offenders, including but not limited to violent crimes and crimes such as the sale of illegal drugs, possession of illegal drugs and ancillary crimes.

Note 6: OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

F. Severance pay

The Board of Public Works offers union and non-union employees a choice of one of two benefit options. Option 1, Matching Deferred Compensation is described in Note 16. Option 2, Severance Pay is described below. Employees hired after January 1, 2000, are only eligible for Option 1. Those employees with dates of employment before January 1, 2000 may choose whichever option is more beneficial to them.

The Board of Public Works will make a severance payment to those non-union employees who choose this option. The severance payment will be \$2,000 for each year of completed employment with the Board. Non-union employees will be eligible for this severance payment upon reaching the age of 55 and having 3 or more years of service or upon having 30 or more years of service regardless of age (if first hired prior to July 1, 1989).

Union employees will be eligible for this severance payment upon reaching the age for full retirement benefits as defined by PERA (See Note 9). Severance will be paid over a five year period in 60 monthly installments. If a separated employee dies before all or a portion of the severance pay has been disbursed, the balance due must be paid to a named beneficiary, or if lacking one, to the deceased's estate.

Severance pay provided for an employee leaving employment may not exceed an amount equivalent to one year of pay.

G. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City, Municipal Liquor Dispensary and Board of Public Works offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency. The amounts deferred by employees or related income on those amounts are not assets held in the City's name and subject to the claims of the City's creditors; thus, the deferred compensation asset and related liability are not recorded on the City's balance sheet.

Matching Deferred Compensation

For employees choosing this benefit option the Board of Public Works will contribute an amount matching the employee contribution to the deferred compensation account on a dollar for dollar basis, but not to exceed an employer contribution of \$2,000 per year per employee. Current non-union employees were fully vested in the plan on January 1, 2000. Union employees became fully vested on January 1, 2001. New employees will be vested at the rate of 20 percent per year for the first five years of participation becoming fully vested after the fifth year. The Board contributed \$53,567 and \$50,234 in matching funds to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Note 6: OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

H. Postemployment benefits other than pensions

Plan description. The City makes available to eligible retirees and their spouses a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan offers medical coverage.

Funding policy. The City does not provide healthcare coverage for retired employees. The City is required to pay for any employee that is disabled in the line of duty. Currently, the City is paying for one disabled police officer. Rather, it allows employees who separate from City employment due to retirement or disability, access to the coverage; however, that coverage is paid for at the former employees' expense.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan.

	Primary Government			oard of lic Works	Total	
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	164,237 28,638 (41,403)	\$	32,429 6,702 (9,690)	\$	196,666 35,340 (51,093)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		151,472		29,441		180,913
Contributions made Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		(66,644) 84,828		(20,827) 8,614		(87,471) 93,442
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		715,963		167,541		883,504
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	_\$	800,791	\$	176,155	\$	976,946

Note 6: OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2016 and the preceding two fiscal years were as follows:

Primary Government

		Three Year Trend Information Percentage							
Year	An	nual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB Obligation					
Ending	OPE	B Cost	Contributed						
12/31/16	\$	151,472	48.4 %	\$	800,791				
12/31/15		149,597	44.3		715,963				
12/31/14		148,643	53.6		630,566				

Component Unit - Board of Public Works

	Three Year Trend Information								
	Percentage								
Year	1	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB					
Ending	OF	PEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation					
		_							
12/31/16	\$	29,441	70.7 %	\$	176,155				
12/31/15		29,101	51.4		167,541				
12/31/14		28,583	35.3		153,406				

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,356,318, which was not funded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,024,284, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 39.1 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

For the City, in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5 percent initially, reduced incrementally to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after 8 years. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the City has not advance-funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability was amortized as a level dollar amount over an open basis of thirty years.

Note 6: OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Methods and assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees - Based on the historical average age of retirement and expectations of management, the retirement age for active plan members was determined on an individual level. In addition, spouses of retired employees were assumed to discontinue coverage on the plan when the retired employee reaches Medicare age.

Marital status - Marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue throughout retirement.

Mortality - Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the RP 2000 annuitant generational mortality projected fully generationally with Scale AA, white collar adjustment, male rates set forward five years and female rates set back three years.

Turnover - Non-group-specific age-based turnover data from GASB Statement No. 45 were used as the basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Healthcare cost trend rate – The trend assumption is comprised of three elements: the initial trend rate, the gradedown period to the ultimate trend rate, and the ultimate trend rate itself. The annual increases in per capita claims costs and plan premiums are initially 7.5 percent, to an ultimate average rate increase of 5.0 percent after eight years, was used.

Health insurance premiums - Health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Inflation rate - The expected long-term inflation assumption is 3.00 percent.

Payroll growth rate - The expected long-term payroll growth rate was assumed to equal the rate of inflation.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the City's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 4.0 percent was used. In addition, a simplified version of the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2016 was 30 years.

I. Subsequent event

On March 29, 2017 they City entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$308,689 to finance the purchase of public works vehicles.

Note 7: TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2016, the City has thirty three agreements entered into by the City listed below that abate City property taxes. Below is information specific to each agreement:

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on May 24, 2004 with Alexandria Veterinary Clinic (the Developer) in which the developer incurs costs for construction of a medical and surgical facility for companion animals. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812-469.1815) and has a maximum duration of May 24, 2016. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on June 27, 2011 with Hoven-Anderson Properties (the Developer) in which the developer incurs costs for construction of a medical facility. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812-469.1815) and has a maximum duration of June 27, 2022. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on October 18, 2016 with Lakes Hotel Group (the Developer) in which the developer incurs costs for construction of a hotel. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$400,000 or fifty percent of the total cost of the public improvements (whichever occurs first) over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812-469.1815) and has a maximum duration of October 18, 2026. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on May 12, 2014 with Viking Plaza Associates (the Developer) in which the developer incurs costs for construction of a retail center. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$67,792 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812-469.1815) and has a maximum duration of May 12, 2025. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #12) on July 18, 1996 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$177,538 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #15) on July 28, 1997 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$91,342 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #16) on August 25, 1997 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$299,805 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #17) on December 8, 1997 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$3,073,677 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Note 7: TAX ABATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #22) on October 23, 2000 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$540,768 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #23) on May 14, 2001 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$2,268,412 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #25) on July 22, 2002 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$331,478 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #26) on October 28, 2002 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$3,055,482 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #27) on April 28, 2003 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$186,942 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #29) on March 2, 2004 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$498,308 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #32) on January 24, 2005 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$583,663 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #34) on March 27, 2006 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$432,687 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #36) on January 22, 2007 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$126,162 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Note 7: TAX ABATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #37) on April 23, 2007 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$367,827 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #38) on June 11, 2007 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$480,788 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #39) on July 23, 2007 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$1,190,420 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #40) on July 23, 2007 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$329,626 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #41) on August 11, 2008 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$1,220,694 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #42) on December 22, 2008 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$5,748,258 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #43) on March 9, 2009 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$1,732,642 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #44) on May 11, 2009 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$259,543 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #45) on July 25, 2011 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$287,933 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Note 7: TAX ABATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #46) on July 23, 2012 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$165,099 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #47) on August 27, 2012 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$4,149,674 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #48) on November 13, 2012 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$573,496 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #49) on May 28, 2013 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$591,992 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #50) on February 23, 2015 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$20,973,472 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #51) on April 13, 2015 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$715,433 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Note 7: TAX ABATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement (TIF #53) on November 14, 2016 with a developer on in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the city collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The pay-as-you-go agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$706,229 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.174-469.179). The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

	City Tax Rate (Year of Establishment)	District Tax Capacity	Amount of taxes abated the fiscal year
Tax abatement agreements			
Alexandria Veterinary Clinic			\$ 5,250
Hoven-Anderson Properties			4,560
Lakes Hotel Group			-
Viking Plaza Associates			5,617
Tax Increment Districts (PAYGO)			
TIF #12	23.923 %	\$ 11,692	2,797
TIF #15	23.571	3,450	813
TIF #16	23.571	9,974	2,351
TIF #17	23.923	48,460	11,593
TIF #22	24.080	-	-
TIF #23	21.620	60,406	13,060
TIF #25	34.126	6,860	2,341
TIF #26	34.126	92,526	31,575
TIF #27	32.203	5,534	1,782
TIF #29	35.200	14,512	5,108
TIF #32	34.218	14,282	4,887
TIF #34	30.124	10,592	3,191
TIF #36	30.124	16,366	4,930
TIF #37	30.124	18,113	5,456
TIF #38	30.124	80,114	24,134
TIF #39	30.648	13,574	4,160
TIF #40	33.898	19,188	6,504
TIF #41	33.898	122,379	41,484
TIF #42	33.898	163,250	55,338
TIF #43	33.898	36,792	12,472
TIF #44	33.898	31,660	10,732
TIF #45	33.898	9,702	3,289
TIF #46	32.862	10,366	3,406
TIF #47	43.282	62,512	27,056
TIF #48	43.282	16,716	7,235
TIF #49	44.256	71,874	31,809
TIF #50	43.614	, -	
TIF #51	43.614	1,940	846
TIF #53	42.010	- -	
			\$ 333,778

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Schedule of employer's share of PERA net pension liability - General Employees Retirement Fund

City

	Required Supplementary Information										
						City's					
			State's			Proportionate					
			Proportionate			Share of the					
		City's	Share of			Net Pension					
		Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary				
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position				
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage				
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total				
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability				
06/30/16	0.0441 %	\$ 3,580,701	\$ -	\$ 3,580,701	\$ 2,454,920	145.9 %	68.9 %				
06/30/15	0.0425	2,202,572	-	2,202,572	2,686,933	82.0	78.2				

Discretely presented component unit – Board of Public Works

			Required Su	ipplementary Info	rmation		
						City's	
			State's			Proportionate	
			Proportionate			Share of the	
		City's	Share of			Net Pension	
		Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/16	0.0425 %	\$ 3,450,789	\$ -	\$ 3,450,789	\$ 2,638,344	130.8 %	78.2 %
06/30/15	0.0419	2,171,475	-	2,171,475	2,421,840	89.7	78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of employer's PERA contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

City

		Required Supplementary Information									
			Con	tributions in							
			Rela	ation to the							
	Statutorily Statutorily Contribution							City's	Contributions as		
	F	Required	F	Required	Defic	Deficiency Covered			a Percentage of		
Year	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Ex	cess)		Payroll	Covered Payrol		
Ending		(a)		(b)	(a	-b)	(c)		(b/c)		
12/31/16	\$	198,124	\$	198,124	\$	_	\$	2,641,653	7	'.5 %	
12/31/15		191,394		191,394		-		2,551,920	7	'.5	

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Discretely presented component unit - Board of Public Works

		Required Supplementary Information									
			Con	tributions in							
			Rel	ation to the							
	S	tatutorily	S	tatutorily	Conti	ribution		City's	Contributions as		
	F	Required	I	Required	Defi	ciency	Covered		a Percentage of		
Year	Co	ontribution	Co	ntribution	(Ex	ccess)		Payroll	Covered Payroll		
Ending		(a)		(b)	(a	a-b)	(c)		(b/c)		
12/31/16	\$	200,269	\$	200,269	\$	-	\$	2,670,258	7.5 %		
12/31/15		193,803		193,803		_		2,584,040	7.5		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of employer's share of PERA net pension liability - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

	Required Supplementary Information										
						City's	_				
			State's			Proportionate					
			Proportionate			Share of the					
		City's	Share of			Net Pension					
		Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary				
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position				
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage				
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total				
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability				
06/30/16	0.1740 %	\$ 6,982,923	\$ -	\$ 6,982,923	\$ 1,680,278	415.6 %	63.9 %				
06/30/15	0.1600	1,817,974	-	1,817,974	1,421,679	127.9	86.6				

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of employer's PERA contributions - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

				Requir	ed Supplen	nentary Inf	ormatio	n		
			Con	tributions in						
			Rel	ation to the						
	St	tatutorily	S	tatutorily	Contri	bution		City's	Contributions a	as
	F	Required	I	Required	Defic	eiency	Covered		a Percentage of	
Year	Co	ntribution	Co	ontribution	(Exc	cess)		Payroll	Covered Payro	oll
Ending	·	(a)		(b)	(a	-b)		(c) (b/c)		
12/31/16	\$	278,811	\$	278,811	\$	_	\$	1,721,056	16.2	%
12/31/15		243,780		243,780		-		1,504,815	16.2	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Schedule of changes in the Fire Relief Association's net pension liability (asset) and related ratios

	2016 (Fire Relief Report Date 2015)			2015 (Fire Relief Report Date 2014)	
Total pension liability	Φ.	00.005	Φ.	0.5.25.5	
Service cost	\$	99,006	\$	96,356	
Interest		115,843		108,195	
Changes of benefit terms		180,109		-	
Changes of assumptions		(129,171)		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	-	(136,320)	-		
Net change in total pension liability		129,467		204,551	
Total pension liability - January 1		2,075,383		1,870,832	
Total pension liability - December 31	\$	2,204,850	\$	2,075,383	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - state		135,561		161,845	
Net investment income		(316,113)		(14,218)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(136,320)		-	
Administrative expense		(6,360)		(10,400)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(323,232)		137,227	
Plan fiduciary net position - January 1		2,838,035		2,700,808	
Plan fiduciary net position - December 31 (b)	\$	2,514,803	\$	2,838,035	
Fire Relief's net pension liability (asset) - December 31 (a-b)	\$	(309,953)	\$	(762,652)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of the total pension liability (b/a)		114.06%		136.75%	
Covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A	
Fire Relief's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage					
of covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. The \$6,766 lump sum benefit increased to \$7,500 on December 14, 2015.

Changes of assumptions. None in 2016.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Schedule of employer's Fire Relief Association contributions

		rmation				
Year Ending		ctuarial ermined	Co	Actual ntributions	Defic	ibution ciency
	Con	Contribution (a)		Paid (b)		(Excess) (a-b)
12/31/16	\$	135,561	\$	135,561	\$	_
12/31/15	·	129,243		129,243	·	-
12/31/14		161,845		161,845		-

Schedule of funding progress for the postemployment benefit plan

				Unfunded			
				Actuarial			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actua	arial	Actuarial	Accrued			Percentage
Valuation	Valu	e of	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Asset	s (a)	Liability (b)	(UAAL) (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)
01/01/14	\$	_	\$ 2,356,318	\$ 2,356,318	- %	\$ 6,024,284	39.1 %
0 -7 0 -7 - 7	φ	-	. , ,			. , ,	
01/01/11		-	2,737,359	2,737,359	-	5,479,129	50.0
01/01/08		-	1,204,545	1,204,545	-	5,002,353	24.1

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2016

	(Pre	215 Crime evention/ te Safety	228 Storm Water Utility		229 Employee Benefit		F	231 Firemen's Relief
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,632	\$	(129,821)	\$	18,486	\$	71,209
Receivables								
Delinquent taxes		-		-		300		200
Accounts Notes and loans, net of allowance		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		_		- 197		137,076
Due from component unit		-		65,779		197		137,070
Advances to other funds		-		-		_		=
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,632	\$	(64,042)	\$	18,983	\$	208,485
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	6,033	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other governments	,	_	_	-	_	-	7	136,992
Due to component unit		-		13,393		-		, -
Due to other funds								
TOTAL LIABILITIES				19,426				136,992
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - taxes						300		200
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for								
Capital outlay		2,632		-		-		_
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Sanitary sewer operations		-		-		-		-
Committed for						10.602		
Payment of benefits		=		=		18,683		71 202
Firefighter's retirement obligation Economic development		-		-		-		71,293
Unassigned		-		(83,468)		- -		
0.1400.5.140				(02,100)	-			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,632		(83,468)		18,683		71,293
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,632	\$	(64,042)	\$	18,983	\$	208,485

Co	Planning Commission Development		235 Sanitary Sewer District	Tree Preservation		297/298 Revolving Loan			Increment inancing Total		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue
\$	47,291	\$	43,243	\$	79,296	\$	904,289	\$	572,803	\$	1,609,428
	-		9,800		-		-		-		10,300
	-		-		-		-		33,493		33,493
	-				-		387,561		106,015		493,576
	-		5,823		-		-		-		143,096
	<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		500,585		<u>-</u>		65,779 500,585
\$	47,291	\$	58,866	\$	79,296	\$	1,792,435	\$	712,311	\$	2,856,257
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,488	\$	19,521
Ψ.	-	Ψ.	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	64,255	Ψ	201,247
	-		-		-		-		-		13,393
									28,913		28,913
									106,656		263,074
			9,800								10,300
	-		-		-		-		-		2,632
	-		-		-		1,792,435		605,655		2,398,090
	-		49,066		-		-		-		49,066
	-		-		-		-		-		18,683
	-		-		-		-		-		71,293
	47,291		-		79,296		-		-		126,587
									-		(83,468)
	47,291		49,066		79,296		1,792,435		605,655		2,582,883
\$	47,291	\$	58,866	\$	79,296	\$	1,792,435	\$	712,311	\$	2,856,257

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

DEVENIUE	Crim Preven	215 228 Crime Storm Prevention/ Water Bike Safety Utility		229 Employee Benefit			231 remen's Relief
REVENUES							
Taxes	Φ.		Ф	Φ	20.204	Φ	010
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	20,284	\$	213
Tax increments		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental					2		105.000
State		-			3		137,992
Charges for service		-	712,365		-		-
Investment earnings		23	2,835		195		610
Other revenue							
Contributions and donations		-	-		-		5,000
Other					31		
TOTAL REVENUES		23	715,200		20,513		143,815
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public safety		-	-		-		137,992
Public works		_	241,207		_		-
Economic development		_	-		_		_
Capital outlay							
Public works		_	4,559		_		_
Debt service			-,				
Principal		_	_		_		_
Interest and other		_	_		_		_
interest and other	-						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	,		245,766				137,992
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		23	469,434		20,513		5,823
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		_	(665,890)		(17,263)		_
Tumbleto Out			(003,070)		(17,203)	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		23	(196,456)		3,250		5,823
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		2,609	112,988		15,433		65,470
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	2,632	\$ (83,468)	\$	18,683	\$	71,293
,							ŕ

Plar Comn	Planning Commission Development		235 Sanitary Sewer District	Tree Preservation		97/298 evolving Loan	Tax Increment Financing Total		Total Jonmajor Special Revenue
\$	14 -	\$	548,498	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	943,861	\$ 569,009 943,861
	- - 592		77 - 1,129	- - 684		36,933		3,000 4,126	138,072 715,365 47,127
	- -		1,268	- -		- -		- -	 5,000 1,299
	606		550,972	684		36,933		950,987	2,419,733
	- - 50,041		- 624,011 -	- - -		- - -		- - 810,940	137,992 865,218 860,981
	-		-	-		-		-	4,559
	- -		- -	- -		- -		22,396 4,391	22,396 4,391
	50,041		624,011					837,727	1,895,537
((49,435)		(73,039)	684		36,933		113,260	524,196
				 					(683,153)
((49,435)		(73,039)	684		36,933		113,260	(158,957)
	96,726		122,105	78,612	1	1,755,502		492,395	2,741,840
\$	47,291	\$	49,066	\$ 79,296	\$ 1	1,792,435	\$	605,655	\$ 2,582,883

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CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,481,794	\$ 4,701,886
Receivables		
Interest	18,211	20,138
Delinquent taxes	63,200	71,700
Accounts	167,676	140,974
Special assessments	8,353	4,070
Intergovernmental	51,722	41,273
Due from other funds	54,116	44,725
Due from component unit	842,551	814,175
Prepaid items	59,484	56,708
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,747,107	\$ 5,895,649
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 206,935	\$ 179,631
Due to other governments	92,109	41,861
Accrued salaries payable	181,235	145,069
Deposits payable	19,280	18,815
Due to other funds	-	1,434
Unearned revenue		389
TOTAL LIABILITIES	499,559	387,199
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue - taxes	63,200	71,700
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	8,353	4,070
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	71,553	75,770
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable for		
Prepaid items	59,484	56,708
Restricted for		
Wellness	21,407	28,132
Committed for		
Wellness	13,127	9,437
Unassigned	4,081,977	5,338,403
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,175,995	5,432,680
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,747,107	\$ 5,895,649

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

		2016			
	Budgeted				
	Amounts		** .		
	Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts	
REVENUES	Tinai	Amounts	Tillal Budget	Amounts	
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 3,765,125	\$ 3,769,860	\$ 4,735	\$ 3,687,786	
Franchise taxes	489,500	384,205	(105,295)	430,221	
Total taxes	4,254,625	4,154,065	(100,560)	4,118,007	
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,076,000	1,052,356	(23,644)	1,047,910	
Special assessments	_	2,310	2,310	2,738	
Licenses and permits					
Business licenses	64,750	82,990	18,240	78,540	
Nonbusiness licenses	29,850	36,166	6,316	37,711	
Building permits	375,000	395,557	20,557	551,498	
Total licenses and permits	469,600	514,713	45,113	667,749	
Intergovernmental					
Federal	5 500	0.210	1.010	12.010	
Other Federal grants	7,500	9,318	1,818	12,948	
State					
Local government aid	1,471,793	1,471,798	5	1,469,871	
Property tax credits and aids Police aid	150,000	533	533	486	
Fire aid	159,000 4,000	173,645 4,800	14,645 800	159,512 5,756	
Airport maintenance	58,505	71,110	12,605	68,029	
Other State aids	25,700	36,164	10,464	20,247	
Total State	1,718,998	1,758,050	39,052	1,723,901	
Total intergovernmental	1,726,498	1,767,368	40,870	1,736,849	
Charges for services					
General government	170,600	193,054	22,454	197,023	
Public safety	238,930	269,689	30,759	214,395	
Public works	7,000	21,257	14,257	12,011	
Culture and recreation	585,215	534,214	(51,001)	583,040	
Total charges for services	1,001,745	1,018,214	16,469	1,006,469	
Fines and forfeits	121,000	118,278	(2,722)	109,146	
Investment earnings	15,000	26,331	11,331	28,849	
Other revenue	10 200	41 722	22 522	20 172	
Leases Contributions and donations	18,200	41,732 1,350	23,532 1,350	20,173 4,200	
Other	50,000	77,329	27,329	125,611	
Total other revenue	68,200	120,411	52,211	149,984	
TOTAL REVENUES	8,732,668	8,774,046	41,378	8,867,701	
		· -	· 	- 	

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

		2016			
	Budgeted Amount	2010		2015	
	Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government Mayor and Council					
Personal services	\$ 44,350	\$ 44,052	\$ 298	\$ 44,052	
Other services and charges	52,800	48,452	4,348	48,170	
Total Mayor and Council	97,150	92,504	4,646	92,222	
Administration					
Personal services	498,700	497,164	1,536	463,988	
Supplies	300	51	249	441	
Other services and charges	16,400	15,932	468	15,982	
Total administration	515,400	513,147	2,253	480,411	
Elections					
Personal services	25,000	25,537	(537)	_	
Supplies	1,200	790	410	175	
Other services and charges	4,100	3,414	686	<u> </u>	
Total elections	30,300	29,741	559	175	
City planner					
Personal services	126,950	131,067	(4,117)	125,681	
Other services and charges	925	97	828	194	
Total city planner	127,875	131,164	(3,289)	125,875	
Planning and zoning					
Personal services	3,150	3,122	28	3,122	
Other services and charges	2,800	3,355	(555)	1,627	
Total planning and zoning	5,950	6,477	(527)	4,749	
Assessor					
Personal services	163,100	169,522	(6,422)	162,560	
Supplies	-	161	(161)	-	
Other services and charges	4,500	2,238	2,262	4,044	
Total assessor	167,600	171,921	(4,321)	166,604	
Legal and accounting					
Supplies	3,500	2,822	678	2,675	
Other services and charges	446,000	415,240	30,760	426,658	
Total legal and accounting	449,500	418,062	31,438	429,333	
Human resources					
Personal services	65,450	67,923	(2,473)	42,684	
Supplies	100	725	(625)	234	
Other services and charges	3,700	347	3,353	1,820	
Total human resources	69,250	68,995	255	44,738	
Employee wellness					
Personal services	- _	783	(783)		

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

		2016			
	Budgeted Amount Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts	
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED					
Current - Continued					
General government - Continued					
Other general government					
Personal services	\$ 87,000	\$ 298	\$ 86,702	\$ 2,734	
Supplies	18,500	17,391	1,109	15,454	
Other services and charges	680,081	603,927	76,154	749,107	
Total other general government	785,581	621,616	163,965	767,295	
Total general government	2,248,606	2,054,410	194,196	2,111,402	
Public safety					
Police protection					
Personal services	2,524,850	2,522,401	2,449	2,328,955	
Supplies	71,200	48,057	23,143	53,113	
Other services and charges	247,550	222,032	25,518	217,116	
Total police protection	2,843,600	2,792,490	51,110	2,599,184	
Fire protection					
Personal services	122,475	137,948	(15,473)	23,733	
Supplies	62,900	32,809	30,091	37,205	
Other services and charges	197,430	190,670	6,760	196,650	
Total fire protection	382,805	361,427	21,378	257,588	
Fire marshall					
Personal services	24,825	38,552	(13,727)	87,946	
Other services and charges	1,500	418	1,082	1,899	
Total fire marshall	26,325	38,970	(12,645)	89,845	
Building					
Personal services	205,950	213,126	(7,176)	203,867	
Supplies	5,800	3,033	2,767	3,545	
Other services and charges	21,660	20,392	1,268	12,758	
Total building	233,410	236,551	(3,141)	220,170	
Emergency management					
Other services and charges	7,900	16,759	(8,859)	6,683	
Ç			, , , ,		
Traffic signs and signals					
Personal services	56,700	104,512	(47,812)	93,191	
Supplies	26,000	10,784	15,216	17,362	
Other services and charges	26,500	21,370	5,130	20,909	
Total traffic signs and signals	109,200	136,666	(27,466)	131,462	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Purpose Purp			2016				
Current - Continued Current - Curr		Amount		Variance with	2015 Actual		
Current			Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts		
Other services and charges \$ 25,100 \$ 20,501 \$ 4,599 \$ 25,513 Total public safety 3,628,340 3,603,364 24,976 3,330,445 Public works Highways, streets and alleys 280,250 404,147 (123,897) 325,064 Supplies 95,400 73,356 22,044 65,246 Other services and charges 16,000 10,469 5,531 14,649 Total highways, streets and alleys 391,650 487,972 (96,322) 404,957 Engineering 0ther services and charges 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 2,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Supplies 3,500 48,482 20,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9	Current - Continued						
Total public safety 3,628,340 3,603,364 24,976 3,330,445 Public works Highways, streets and alleys 280,250 404,147 (123,897) 325,064 Supplies 95,400 73,356 22,044 65,244 Other services and charges 15,000 10,469 5,531 14,469 Total highways, streets and alleys 391,650 487,972 (96,322) 404,957 Engineering 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Other services and charges 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,800 Other services and charges 2,000 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 3,500 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 133,500 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>\$ 25.100</td><td>\$ 20.501</td><td>\$ 4.599</td><td>\$ 25.513</td></tr<>		\$ 25.100	\$ 20.501	\$ 4.599	\$ 25.513		
Public works Highways, streets and alleys Personal services 280,250 404,147 (123,897) 325,064 Supplies 95,400 73,356 22,044 65,244		<u>-</u>					
Highways, streets and alleys Personal services \$280,250 \$404,147 \$123,897 \$325,064 \$124,045 \$1	•			7			
Personal services 280,250 404,147 (23,897) 325,064 Supplies 95,400 73,356 22,044 65,244 Other services and charges 16,000 10,469 5,531 14,649 Total highways, streets and alleys 391,650 487,972 (96,322) 404,957 Engineering 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 20,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 21,000 17,667 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
Supplies 95,400 73,356 22,044 65,244 Other services and charges 16,000 10,469 5,531 14,649 Total highways, streets and alleys 391,650 487,972 (96,322) 404,957 Engineering Other services and charges 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair Personal services 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 - 20,000 - Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 - 20,000 - Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Sow and ice control 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 <td< td=""><td></td><td>280 250</td><td>404 147</td><td>(123 897)</td><td>325 064</td></td<>		280 250	404 147	(123 897)	325 064		
Other services and charges 16,000 10,469 5,531 14,649 Total highways, streets and alleys 391,650 487,972 (96,322) 404,957 Engineering Other services and charges 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 - 2,000 - Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 48,482 26,489 Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 227,450 98,399 (28,399) 48,481 Other services and charges 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 23,500 17,667 55,331 12,666							
Engineering Other services and charges 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 - 2,000 - Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 0,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other servic							
Öther services and charges 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies	Total highways, streets and alleys	391,650	487,972	(96,322)	404,957		
Öther services and charges 50,000 57,251 (7,251) 48,306 Blacktop repair 78,425 8,006 70,419 48,929 Supplies 160,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2,000 183,179 (23,179) 250,890 Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies	Engineering						
Personal services 78.425 8.006 70.419 48.929 Supplies 160.000 133,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2.000 - 2.000 - Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 24	<u> </u>	50,000	57,251	(7,251)	48,306		
Personal services 78.425 8.006 70.419 48.929 Supplies 160.000 133,179 (23,179) 250,890 Other services and charges 2.000 - 2.000 - Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 24	Blacktop repair						
Supplies Other services and charges 160,000 2,000 - 2,		78,425	8,006	70,419	48,929		
Other services and charges 2,000 - 2,000 - Total blacktop repair 240,425 191,185 49,240 299,819 Dust control Supplies 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs Other services and charges 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control 21,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 1	Supplies						
Dust control Supplies 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs Other services and charges 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control Personal services 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,664 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance 28,000 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 <td>Other services and charges</td> <td>2,000</td> <td></td> <td>2,000</td> <td></td>	Other services and charges	2,000		2,000			
Supplies 3,500 - 3,500 6,489 Sidewalks and curbs Other services and charges 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control Personal services 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 1	Total blacktop repair	240,425	191,185	49,240	299,819		
Sidewalks and curbs 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control Personal services 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000 <	Dust control						
Other services and charges 21,000 48,482 (27,482) 25,468 Snow and ice control Personal services 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000	Supplies	3,500		3,500	6,489		
Snow and ice control Personal services 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Sidewalks and curbs						
Personal services 133,950 67,349 66,601 56,158 Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 59,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Other services and charges	21,000	48,482	(27,482)	25,468		
Supplies 70,000 98,399 (28,399) 48,840 Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Other services and charges 23,500 17,667 5,833 12,666 Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Total snow and ice control 227,450 183,415 44,035 117,664 Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication Personal services 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Equipment maintenance Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting 0ther services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Other services and charges	23,500	17,667	5,833	12,666		
Personal services 120,275 69,257 51,018 79,438 Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Total snow and ice control	227,450	183,415	44,035	117,664		
Supplies 23,075 17,254 5,821 16,187 Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Equipment maintenance						
Other services and charges 99,000 59,556 39,444 63,880 Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication Personal services 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Total equipment maintenance 242,350 146,067 96,283 159,505 Weed eradication Personal services 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Weed eradication Personal services 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Other services and charges	99,000	59,556	39,444	63,880		
Personal services 21,350 7,376 13,974 21,179 Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Total equipment maintenance	242,350	146,067	96,283	159,505		
Supplies 12,000 9,321 2,679 15,478 Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Total weed eradication 33,350 16,697 16,653 36,657 Street lighting Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552							
Street lighting 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Supplies	12,000	9,321	2,679	15,478		
Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Total weed eradication	33,350	16,697	16,653	36,657		
Other services and charges 227,000 217,828 9,172 227,552	Street lighting						
Total public works 1,436,725 1,348,897 87,828 1,326,417		227,000	217,828	9,172	227,552		
	Total public works	1,436,725	1,348,897	87,828	1,326,417		

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

		2016					
	Budgeted Amount Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts			
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED							
Current - Continued Culture and recreation							
Recreation							
Other services and charges	\$ 77,747	\$ 79,248	\$ (1,501)	\$ 77,544			
Other services and onarges	Ψ //,/ 1/	Ψ 77,210	ψ (1,501)	Ψ 77,511			
Runestone Community Center							
Personal services	334,200	338,936	(4,736)	334,017			
Supplies	23,500	17,914	5,586	22,254			
Other services and charges	296,800	249,078	47,722	306,425			
Total Runestone Community Center	654,500	605,928	48,572	662,696			
KN Stadium							
Supplies	-	919	(919)	4,004			
Other services and charges		9,884	(9,884)	17,662			
Total KN Stadium		10,803	(10,803)	21,666			
Senior citizens							
Other services and charges	12,500	12,500		12,500			
Parks							
Personal services	541,950	540,503	1,447	522,467			
Supplies	57,850	47,651	10,199	51,213			
Other services and charges	117,750	112,757	4,993	84,835			
Total parks	717,550	700,911	16,639	658,515			
Total culture and recreation	1,462,297	1,409,390	52,907	1,432,921			
Airport							
Airport operations							
Personal services	17,600	10,421	7,179	7,821			
Supplies	8,500	4,127	4,373	5,398			
Other services and charges	89,600	103,474	(13,874)	85,766			
Total airport	115,700	118,022	(2,322)	98,985			
Total current	8,891,668	8,534,083	357,585	8,300,170			

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

	2016							2015	
	A	udgeted Amount							
		ginal and Final		ctual	Variance			Actual	
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED		rillai	All	nounts	Final Bud	ugei	A	mounts	
Capital outlay									
General government	\$	11,500	\$	875	\$ 10.	,625	\$	5,376	
Public safety		30,500		51,059	(20,	,559)		65,791	
Public works		4,500		11,133	(6,	,633)		3,938	
Culture and recreation		7,500		21,969	,	,469)		13,814	
Airport		2,000		14,277	(12,	,277)		4,164	
Total capital outlay		56,000		99,313	(43,	,313)		93,083	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8	8,947,668	8,	,633,396	314	,272_	8	3,393,253	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(215,000)		140,650	355	,650		474,448	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		225,000		242,263		,263		209,145	
Transfers out		(10,000)	(1,	,639,598)	(1,629,	,598)		(2,462)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		215,000	(1,	,397,335)	(1,612	,335)		206,683	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(1,	,256,685)	(1,256,	,685)		681,131	
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		5,432,680	5,	,432,680				4,751,549	
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 5	5,432,680	\$ 4,	,175,995	\$ (1,256.	,685)	\$ 5	5,432,680	

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CONTINUED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES DECEMBER 31, 2016

	526 G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2007B			527 G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds of 2009A	In	530 .O. Capital approvement Bonds of 2010A		531 G.O. provement Bonds f 2011A
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	856,912	\$	106,020	\$	653,449	\$	612,091
Restricted debt service reserve deposits		-		-		-		-
Receivables								
Interest		-		1.500				- 2.500
Delinquent taxes		3,800		1,500		5,400		3,500
Special assessments		1,147,402		-		758,124		311,838
Intergovernmental		2,269		940		4,346		2,587
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,010,383	\$	108,460	\$	1,421,319	\$	930,016
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	272	\$	272	\$	1,674	\$	272
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - taxes		3,800		1,500		5,400		3,500
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		1,147,402				758,124		311,838
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,151,202		1,500		763,524		315,338
		1,101,202		1,000		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	210,000
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for debt service		858,909		106,688		656,121		614,406
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,010,383	\$	108,460	\$	1,421,319	\$	930,016
of Resources find for brighten	Ψ	2,010,303	Ψ	100,700	Ψ	1,721,317	Ψ	750,010

53 G. Improv Refundin of 20	O. vement ng Bonds	G.O. nprovement Bonds of 2013A	534 G.O. mprovement Bonds of 2014A		535 G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2014B		G.O. Improvement Bonds		G.O. Improvement Bonds		G.O. Improvement Bonds		G.O. Improvement Bonds		G.O. Improvement Bonds		536 G.O. Bonds of 2016A	537 G.O. Refunding Bonds of 2016B	Total
\$	- -	\$ 1,832,712	\$ 691,123	\$	465,449 -	\$	172,915	\$ 2,573,579	\$ 5,390,671 2,573,579										
	- - - -	4,200 1,043,871 5,462	2,700 720,415 2,851		4,600 144,297 3,868		371	5,706 - - -	5,706 25,700 4,125,947 22,694										
\$		\$ 2,886,245	\$ 1,417,089	\$	618,214	\$	173,286	\$ 2,579,285	\$ 12,144,297										
\$		\$ 272	\$ 272	\$	272	\$	272	\$ 272	\$ 3,850										
	- -	4,200 1,043,871	 2,700 720,415		4,600 144,297		<u>-</u>	- -	25,700 4,125,947										
		 1,048,071	723,115		148,897			 -	4,151,647										
		 1,837,902	693,702		469,045		173,014	2,579,013	7,988,800										
\$		\$ 2,886,245	\$ 1,417,089	\$	618,214	\$	173,286	\$ 2,579,285	\$ 12,144,297										

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -CONTINUED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	•	G.O. provement Bonds f 2007B	Al	527 G.O. Tax batement Bonds f 2009A	Imp	530 D. Capital provement Bonds f 2010A	G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2011A		
REVENUES	Ф	222.150	ф	02.057	Φ.	250 150	Φ.	207.77	
Property taxes	\$	223,159	\$	92,957	\$	279,150	\$	207,776	
Special assessments		53,610		-		15,949		87,621	
Intergovernmental Federal						62.426			
State		32		13		62,426 39		-	
Investment earnings		4,188		478		39 4,975		3,747	
Other revenue		4,100		189		4,973 797		3,747	
Other revenue	-	430		109	-	191		-	
TOTAL REVENUES		281,445		93,637		363,336		299,144	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service									
Principal		315,000		50,000		240,000		290,000	
Interest and other		112,622		38,700		195,197		49,718	
Bond issuance costs		=		-		-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		427,622		88,700		435,197		339,718	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(146,177)		4,937		(71,861)		(40,574)	
OVER (ONDER) EM ENDITORES		(110,177)		1,237	-	(71,001)		(10,571)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		214,025		-		158,063		-	
Bonds issued		-		-		-		-	
Bond premium		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out						-			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		214,025				158,063			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		67,848		4,937		86,202		(40,574)	
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		791,061		101,751		569,919		654,980	
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	858,909	\$	106,688	\$	656,121	\$	614,406	

G.O. Improvement Refunding Bonds of 2011B	533 G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2013A	Bonds	535 G.O. t Improvement Bonds of 2014B	536 G.O. Bonds of 2016A	G.O. Refunding Bonds of 2016B	Total
\$ 22 15,505	\$ 324,9 253,5			\$ 50,499	\$ - -	\$ 1,683,639 647,581
29 - 387		436 2	13 582	7 464 -	5,706	62,426 166 38,650 3,060
15,943	591,9	930 384,8	55 348,556	50,970	5,706	2,435,522
- 153,140 	375,0 149,8			107,166	- - 58,860	1,635,000 818,274 166,026
153,140	524,8	353 153,4	72 330,572	107,166	58,860	2,619,300
(137,197)	67,0	231,3	83 17,984	(56,196)	(53,154)	(183,778)
(158,063	<u> </u>	- - - -	 	100,454 - 128,756	2,465,000 167,167	472,542 2,465,000 295,923 (158,063)
(158,063)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	229,210	2,632,167	3,075,402
(295,260)	67,0	231,38	17,984	173,014	2,579,013	2,891,624
295,260	1,770,8	825 462,3	19 451,061	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5,097,176
\$ -	\$ 1,837,9	902 \$ 693,70	02 \$ 469,045	\$ 173,014	\$ 2,579,013	\$ 7,988,800

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2016

		230		233		237	238	239
	Е	Fire quipment	Dev	Park velopment	Ed	RCC quipment	blic Works quipment	Police uipment
ASSETS		• •		•			•	
Cash and temporary investments	\$	525,704	\$	45,749	\$	25,823	\$ 156,474	\$ 33,428
Receivables								
Delinquent taxes		100		200		100	900	500
Accounts		-		-		-	-	-
Special assessments		-		1.40		-	-	240
Intergovernmental		38		149		75	 411	 249
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	525,842	\$	46,098	\$	25,998	\$ 157,785	\$ 34,177
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contracts payable		-		-		-	-	-
Due to other governments		-		-		-	-	-
Advance from other funds		-		-		-	-	-
Unearned revenue							 <u>-</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES						_		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - taxes		100		200		100	900	500
Unavailable revenue - special assessments							 	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		100		200		100	 900	 500
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for								
Capital outlay		525,742		45,898		-	_	-
Committed for								
Capital outlay		-		-		25,898	156,885	33,677
Assigned for								
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-	-
Unassigned				<u>-</u>			 <u>-</u>	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		525,742		45,898		25,898	 156,885	 33,677
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	525,842	\$	46,098	\$	25,998	\$ 157,785	\$ 34,177

	240	401	402	403	406	408	514	TD - 1
Eq	IT uipment	Capital Improvement	Municipal State Aid	Street Reconstruction	Airport Development	Energy Project	Revolving Improvement	Total Capital Projects
\$	37,143	\$ 2,424,236	\$ (3,083,764)	\$ (82,821)	\$ (1,474,710)	\$ 659,558	\$ 2,402,475	\$ 1,669,295
	500	1,900	1,200	700 106,869	100 13,879	3,640	- - 1,440,807	6,200 124,388 1,440,807
	373	1,103	18,074	79	1,384,212		5,984	1,410,747
\$	38,016	\$ 2,427,239	\$ (3,064,490)	\$ 24,827	\$ (76,519)	\$ 663,198	\$ 3,849,266	\$ 4,651,437
\$	- - - -	\$ 7,672 - - - -	\$ 190,933 - - - -	\$ 82,368 - - - -	\$ 3,771 70,898 - 80,631 2,699	\$ 127,223 264,134 - -	\$ 153,210 - 1,326 -	\$ 565,177 335,032 1,326 80,631 2,699
		7,672	190,933	82,368	157,999	391,357	154,536	984,865
	500	1,900	1,200	700	100		1,440,807	6,200 1,440,807
	500	1,900	1,200	700	100		1,440,807	1,447,007
	-	-	-	-	-	187,570	-	759,210
	37,516	2,417,667	-	-	-	80,630	2,117,343	4,869,616
	<u>-</u>		(3,256,623)	(58,241)	(234,618)	3,641	136,580	140,221 (3,549,482)
	37,516	2,417,667	(3,256,623)	(58,241)	(234,618)	271,841	2,253,923	2,219,565
\$	38,016	\$ 2,427,239	\$ (3,064,490)	\$ 24,827	\$ (76,519)	\$ 663,198	\$ 3,849,266	\$ 4,651,437

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	230	233	237	238	239
	Fire Equipment	Park Development	RCC Equipment	Public Works Equipment	Police Equipment
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 5,103	\$ 20,082	\$ 10,053	\$ 50,454	\$ 30,355
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Federal					
State	1	3	1	-	-
Charges for services	93,731	-	1	-	-
Investment earnings	4,274	259	173	1,102	422
Other revenue		27,580	25,710	27,361	6,485
Other revenue		27,300	23,710	27,301	0,103
TOTAL REVENUES	103,109	47,924	35,937	78,917	37,262
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Airport	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	148,331	-	-	-	53,396
Public works	-	-	-	65,915	-
Culture and recreation	-	27,237	28,520	-	-
Airport	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service					
Principal					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	148,331	27,237	28,520	65,915	53,396
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(45,222)	20,687	7,417	13,002	(16,134)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	8,053	-	2,100	2,025	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	-
Debt issued	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	8,053		2,100	2,025	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(37,169)	20,687	9,517	15,027	(16,134)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	562,911	25,211	16,381	141,858	49,811
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 525,742	\$ 45,898	\$ 25,898	\$ 156,885	\$ 33,677

	240	401	402	403	406	408	514	m . 1
Eq	IT uipment	Capital Improvement	Municipal State Aid	Street Reconstruction	Airport Development	Energy Project	Revolving Improvement	Total Capital Projects
\$	40,335	\$ 116,341 -	\$ 75,756	\$ 78 -	\$ 10,042	\$ - -	\$ - 269,733	\$ 358,599 269,733
	- 6 - 167	- 16 -	240,456 594,291	- - -	1,303,030 163,633 99,144	- - -	- - - 11,555	1,543,486 757,951 192,875 17,952
		203	102	102	178,200	3,641	<u> </u>	269,384
	40,508	116,560	910,605	180	1,754,049	3,641	281,288	3,409,980
	- -	- -	- -	1,040	- 9,674	<u>-</u>	3,580	4,620 9,674
	16,638	- - - 19,755	1,877,300	2,373,039	- - -	1,249,034 9,554 27,542 3,846,636	359,105	1,265,672 211,281 4,702,901 3,922,148
	-	19,733	-	-	1,706,581	9,337	- -	1,715,918
	16,638	19,755	1,877,300	2,374,079	25,060 1,741,315	5,142,103	362,685	25,060 11,857,274
	23,870	96,805	(966,695)	(2,373,899)	12,734	(5,138,462)	(81,397)	(8,447,294)
	- - - -	1,639,598 - - (90,417)	8,386 - -	515,083 51,673 1,795,000 (100,454)	- - - - (80,630)	80,630 64,673 5,265,000	- 18,813 - -	12,178 2,262,510 116,346 7,060,000 (271,501)
		1,549,181	8,386	2,261,302	(80,630)	5,410,303	18,813	9,179,533
	23,870	1,645,986	(958,309)	(112,597)	(67,896)	271,841	(62,584)	732,239
	13,646	771,681	(2,298,314)	54,356	(166,722)		2,316,507	1,487,326
\$	37,516	\$ 2,417,667	\$ (3,256,623)	\$ (58,241)	\$ (234,618)	\$ 271,841	\$ 2,253,923	\$ 2,219,565

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CONTINUED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Dev	390 EDA Development Fund			392 TIF District #15		393 TIF District #16
ASSETS	Tund						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	8,588	\$	2,842	\$	874	\$ 6,416
Receivables							
Accounts		26,327		-		-	-
Notes, net of allowance		-				-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,915	\$	2,842	\$	874	\$ 6,416
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	11,688	\$	75	\$	75	\$ 75
Due to other governments		-		-		-	-
Due to other funds		-		-			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,688		75		75	75
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for economic development		23,227		2,767		799	 6,341
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	34,915	\$	2,842	\$	874	\$ 6,416

394 TIF District #17	Di	398 ΓΙF strict #22	1	399 TIF District #23]	295 TIF District #25
\$ 41,700	\$	261	\$	63,439	\$	-
7,166		- -		- -		- 14,290
\$ 48,866	\$	261	\$	63,439	\$	14,290
\$ 75 - -	\$	- - -	\$	63,439	\$	75 - 28,913
75		-		63,439		28,988
48,791		261		<u> </u>		(14,698)
\$ 48,866	\$	261	\$	63,439	\$	14,290

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	294 TIF District #26		293 TIF District #27		292 TIF District #29		Б	289 TIF District #32
ASSETS					•			
Cash and temporary investments	\$	261,890	\$	329	\$	1,357	\$	1,737
Receivables								
Accounts		_		-		-		-
Notes, net of allowance		91,725						_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	353,615	\$	329	\$	1,357	\$	1,737
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		75		75		75		75
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for economic development		353,540		254		1,282		1,662
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	353,615	\$	329	\$	1,357	\$	1,737

D	287 TIF istrict #34	286 TIF District #36	285 TIF vistrict #37	T Di:	84 TIF strict #38	283 TIF District #39
\$	891	\$ 1,187	\$ 6,853	\$	52	\$ 8,315
	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>		- -	- -
\$	891	\$ 1,187	\$ 6,853	\$	52	\$ 8,315
\$	75 816	\$ 75 - -	\$ 75 - -	\$	75 - -	\$ 75 - -
	891	75	75		75	75
		 1,112	 6,778		(23)	8,240
\$	891	\$ 1,187	\$ 6,853	\$	52	\$ 8,315

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	282 TIF District #40		281 TIF District #41		279 TIF District #42		278 TIF District #43		280 TIF District #44	
ASSETS										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	30	\$	207	\$	33,606	\$	63	\$	-
Receivables										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-
Notes, net of allowance				-		-				-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30	\$	207	\$	33,606	\$	63	\$	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds										
TOTAL LIABILITIES		75		75		75		75		75
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for economic development		(45)		132		33,531		(12)		(75)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	30	\$	207	\$	33,606	\$	63	\$	

	277 TIF District #45	7 Di	276 FIF strict #46		275 TIF District #47	T Di	74 TIF strict ‡48	273 TIF District #49		Total
\$	3,215	\$	801	\$	127,999	\$	14	\$	137	\$ 572,803
	- -		- -		- -		- -		- -	33,493 106,015
\$	3,215	\$	801	\$	127,999	\$	14	\$	137	\$ 712,311
\$	75 - - - 75	\$	75 - - - 75	\$	75 - - 75	\$	75 - - - 75	\$	75 - - - 75	\$ 13,488 64,255 28,913
 \$	3,140 3,215	\$	726	<u> </u>	127,924 127,999	\$	(61) 14	<u> </u>	62	\$ 106,656 605,655 712,311

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

CONTINUED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	l Deve	390 EDA Development Fund		388 TIF District #12		392 TIF District #15		393 TIF District #16
REVENUES Tax increments	\$	5,259	\$	13,507	\$	3,986	\$	11,522
Charges for services		3,000	·	-	'	-	·	-
Investment earnings		179		54		9		50
TOTAL REVENUES		8,438		13,561		3,995		11,572
EXPENDITURES Current Economic development Debt service		10,690		18,426		3,862		9,150
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and other								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,690		18,426		3,862		9,150
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(2,252)		(4,865)		133		2,422
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		25,479	-	7,632		666		3,919
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	23,227	\$	2,767	\$	799	\$	6,341

]	394 TIF District #17	398 TIF Distri #22		1	399 TIF District #23	295 TIF District #25			
\$	55,983	\$	-	\$	63,439	\$	6,815		
	56,323		<u>-</u> -		63,439		6,815		
	49,660		-		73,881		2,188		
	<u>-</u>		- -		- -		5,440 1,037		
	49,660		_		73,881		8,665		
	6,663		-		(10,442)		(1,850)		
	42,128		261		10,442		(12,848)		
\$	48,791	\$	261	\$		\$	(14,698)		

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	D	294 TIF District #26		293 TIF District #27		292 TIF District #29		289 TIF District #32
REVENUES								
Tax increments	\$	89,895	\$	5,377	\$	14,281	\$	13,225
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		1,913		6		16		20
TOTAL REVENUES		91,808		5,383		14,297		13,245
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Economic development		11,095		5,452		13,928		12,978
Debt service								
Principal		16,956		-		-		-
Interest and other		3,354						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		31,405		5,452		13,928		12,978
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		60,403		(69)		369		267
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		293,137		323		913		1,395
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	353,540	\$	254	\$	1,282	\$	1,662

287 TIF District #34		286 TIF District #36	I	285 TIF District #37	284 TIF District #38		I	283 TIF District #39
\$ 9,512	\$	14,160	\$	15,672	\$	69,318	\$	12,236
<u> </u>		14		58		<u>-</u>		60
 9,512		14,174		15,730		69,318		12,296
9,512		13,819		14,165		69,393		11,070
9,512		13,819		14,165		69,393		11,070
-		355		1,565		(75)		1,226
	,	757		5,213		52		7,014
\$ _	\$	1,112	\$	6,778	\$	(23)	\$	8,240

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Ι	282 TIF District #40	281 TIF District #41		279 TIF District #42		278 TIF District #43]	280 TIF District #44
REVENUES							•			
Tax increments	\$	17,632	\$	112,458	\$	148,938	\$	33,810	\$	29,093
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		11		70		382		21		
TOTAL REVENUES	17,643		112,528		149,320		33,831			29,093
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Economic development		17,707		112,533		149,014		33,885		29,168
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and other										
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		17,707		112,533		149,014		33,885		29,168
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(64)		(5)		306		(54)		(75)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		19		137		33,225		42		<u>-</u> ,
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	(45)	\$	132	\$	33,531	\$	(12)	\$	(75)

D	277 TIF District #45	276 TIF District #46	275 TIF District #47	1	274 TIF District #48	I	273 TIF District #49		Total
\$	11,208	\$ 11,975	\$ 72,217	\$	19,311	\$	83,032	\$	943,861
	29	28	802		12		52		3,000 4,126
	11,237	12,003	73,019		19,323		83,084		950,987
	10,163	13,411	13,297		19,386		83,107		810,940
	-	 - -	 - -		- -		- -		22,396 4,391
	10,163	13,411	 13,297		19,386		83,107		837,727
	1,074	(1,408)	59,722		(63)		(23)		113,260
	2,066	 2,134	68,202		2		85		492,395
\$	3,140	\$ 726	\$ 127,924	\$	(61)	\$	62	\$	605,655

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SUMMARY FINANCIAL REPORT

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OPERATIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	_	_	Percent
		otal	Increase
REVENUES	2016	2015	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$ 7,709,173	\$ 7,551,172	2.09 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,052,356	1,047,910	0.42
Special assessments	919,624	1,475,720	(37.68)
Licenses and permits	514,713	667,749	(22.92)
Intergovernmental	4,269,469	4,428,971	(3.60)
Charges for services	1,926,454	1,786,218	7.85
Fines and forfeits	118,278	109,146	8.37
Investment earnings	130,060	156,660	(16.98)
Miscellaneous	399,154	1,956,380	(79.60)
			(13100)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 17,039,281	\$ 19,179,926	(11.16) %
Per Capita	\$ 1,277	\$ 1,455	(12.21) %
•			
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	\$ 2,054,410	\$ 2,111,402	(2.70) %
Public safety	3,741,356	3,465,006	7.98
Public works	2,218,735	2,504,828	(11.42)
Culture and recreation	1,409,390	1,432,921	(1.64)
Economic development	860,981	953,472	(9.70)
Miscellaneous	127,696	105,961	20.51
Capital outlay			
General government	1,266,547	34,459	3,575.52
Public safety	262,340	113,476	131.19
Public works	4,718,593	7,578,908	(37.74)
Culture and recreation	3,944,117	248,442	1,487.54
Miscellaneous	1,730,195	63,253	2,635.36
Debt service			
Principal	1,682,456	1,851,424	(9.13)
Interest and other charges	822,665	702,087	17.17
Bond issuance costs	166,026		N/A
	4. 27.007.707	A 21 1 5 7 5 2 0	10.11
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 25,005,507	\$ 21,165,639	18.14 %
Per Capita	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,606	16.74 %
Total Long tarm Indahtadnass	¢ 20.202.120	¢ 21 //0 505	26.56 0/
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$ 29,292,129	\$ 21,449,585	36.56 % 34.94
Per Capita	2,196	1,627	34.74
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 4,175,995	\$ 5,432,680	(23.13) %
Per Capita	313	412	(24.04)
1 of Capita	313	712	(24.04)

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Alexandria to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 704 Broadway, Alexandria, MN, 56308. Questions about this report should be directed to the Finance Director at (320)763-6678.

SINGLE AUDIT AND OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Alexandria, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, (the City) Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2017.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP

olo Eich & Mayor, LLP

Mankato, Minnesota September 26, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Alexandria, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alexandria, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2017.

The City's basic financial statements include the operations of Alexandria Light and Power for the year ended December 31, 2016. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of Alexandria Light and Power because it engaged for its own separate audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying, Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs as item 2016-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs as item 2016-002.

The City's Responses to Findings

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP

olo Eich & Mayus, Llt

Mankato, Minnesota September 26, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Alexandria, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Alexandria's, Minnesota (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed one instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs as item 2016-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The City's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2016-001 and 2016-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The City's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP

Oldo Eich & Mayers, LLP

Mankato, Minnesota September 26, 2017

People
+ Process
Going
Beyond the

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Federal Funding Source	Administering Department	Program Name	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Expended Directly	
U.S. Department of Transportation	Federal Aviation Administration	Airport Improvement Program	20.106	\$	1,303,029
U.S. Department of Transportation	Federal Highway Administration	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		240,456
U.S. Department of Transportation	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		4,166
U.S. Department of Transportation	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		7,066
	Total Expended			\$	1,554,717

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Note 1: Basis of presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Alexandria, Minnesota, (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2016. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1A to the City's financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirement of the Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. All Federal awards received directly from Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on the schedule.

Note 2: Summary of significant accounting policies for expenditures

Expenditures reported on this schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note 3: Pass-through entity identifying numbers

Pass-through entity identifying numbers, if any, are presented where available.

Note 4: Subrecipients

No federal expenditures presented in this schedule were provided to subrecipients.

Note 5: Indirect cost rate

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the City did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?

Identification of Major Programs/Projects

CFDA No.

No

Airport Improvement Program 20.106

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Major Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. Noncompliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements related to a major program have been identified and are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance as finding 2016-002.

Section IV - Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

A Corrective Action Plan is required because there was a finding required to be reported under the Federal Single Audit Act.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Description

2016-001 Segregation of duties

Condition: During our audit we reviewed internal control procedures over payroll, disbursements, and cash

receipts and found the City to have limited segregation of duties in these areas as noted below.

Criteria: There are four general categories of duties: authorization, custody, record keeping and

reconciliation. In an ideal system, different employees perform each of these four major functions.

In other words, no one person has control of two or more of these responsibilities.

Effect: The existence of this limited segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud.

Internal control over payroll

Cause: As a result of the small number of staff, the Administrative Assistant sets up and maintains

employee records, runs the payroll, prepares the checks, issues check to employees and/or initiate the payroll transfer for direct deposit, prepares payroll tax returns, and maintains payroll records.

Recommendation: While we recognize the number of staff is not large enough to eliminate this deficiency it is

important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information. Additional controls might include having someone other than the Administrative Assistant or Finance Director maintain and control checks and issue checks or initiate the payroll transfer for

direct deposit.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. Staff procedures include a review of the payroll registers by the Finance Director before issuance of the payroll checks to employees. Posting of the payroll journals to the City's general ledgers is done by the Finance Director.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Description

2016-001 Segregation of duties - Continued

Internal control over disbursements

Cause: As a result of the small number of staff, the Finance Clerk maintains control of the check stock, sets

up and maintains vendors, matches invoices to purchase orders and receiving reports, prepares checks, mails checks to vendors, maintains the accounts payable records, and posts transactions to

the general ledger.

Recommendation: While we recognize the number of staff is not large enough to eliminate this deficiency, it is

important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information.

Additional controls might include having someone other than the Finance Clerk or Finance Director

maintain and control checks and mail checks to vendors.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. Staff procedures include the Finance Director's daily on-line review of activity in the bank accounts. The Finance Directors also reviews the cancelled checks received with the bank statements for items such as voided checks and inconsistencies in the check number sequence and unusual payees. The City's check stock is kept in the vault which is locked at the end of each business day. Each month the City Council approves the disbursements and is provided a review of financial information and budget comparisons.

Internal control over cash receipts

Cause: As a result of the small number of staff, the Finance Clerk prepares the deposit and takes the deposit

to the bank.

Recommendation: While we recognize the number of staff is not large enough to eliminate this deficiency it is

important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitors all financial information. Additional controls might include obtaining and reviewing monthly receipt information and

reviewing the bank reconciliation.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. The Council receives a monthly review of financial information and budget comparisons.

Internal control over investment transactions

Cause: As a result of the number of staff, the Finance Director receives investment statements in the mail,

initiates investment transactions, maintains investment subledger and spreadsheet, maintains and

post activity to the general ledger and reconciles investment accounts.

Recommendation: It is important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. Staff procedures include discussions between the City Administrator and the Finance Director before investment transactions occur. Staff adheres to the City's Investment policy, which is a part of the Council-approved Financial Management polices (rev.8-11-14). The Council receives a monthly investment report.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Description

2016-002 Uniform Guidance written policies and procedures

Condition: During our audit, we discovered the City did not develop written procedures as required by the

Uniform Guidance for the following:

• Determination of Allowable of Costs - §200.302(b)(7)

• Time and Effort - §200.430(a)

• Cash Management of Federal Funds - §200.302(b)(6)

• Conflict of Interest - §200.318(c)(1-2)

The City must also ensure that existing written procedures are in compliance with:

• General Procurement Standards - §200.318-.326

• Equipment Management Requirements - §200.313

Criteria: The City must establish and maintain effective internal control over Federal awards that provides

reasonable assurance that the City is managing Federal awards in compliance with Federal statutes,

regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal awards.

Cause: The City did not have these written policies and procedures in place sufficient to comply with the

Uniform Guidance requirements.

Effect: The City was out of compliance with this requirements.

Recommendation: The City should implement written policies and procedures to adhere to the above mentioned

Uniform Guidance requirements.

Management response:

The City will establish written policies and procedures to ensure future compliance with the Uniform Guidance requirements.



SARA CARLSON, Mayor

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

VIRGIL BATESOLE, *First Ward*BOB KUHLMAN, *Second Ward*BOBBIE OSTERBERG, *Third Ward*DAVID BENSON, *Fourth Ward*TODD JENSEN, *Fifth Ward*

MARTIN D. SCHULTZ, Administrator

REED HEIDELBERGER, Assessor

KARIN TANK

Asst. Admin/HR Director

THOMAS A. JACOBSON, *Attorney*

RICHARD WYFFELS, Chief of Police

MICHAEL J. WEBER, Community Development Director

TIM SCHOONHOVEN, Engineer

JANE M. BLADE, Finance Director

JEFF KARROW, Fire Chief

ANDREW MELLGREN, Liquor Operations

BILL THOENNES

Public Works Div. Director

Parks & Facilities

DANE BOSL Public Works Div. Director Streets & Stormwater

VINNIE HENNEN, RCC Manager

704 Broadway Alexandria, MN 56308 (320) 763-6678 Fax (320) 763-3511 Website: www.ci.alexandria.mn.us

2016-001 Segregation of duties

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

1.Explanation of Disagreements with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2.Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The City will continue to take measures to comply even though the number of Finance staff is limited.

3.Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Jane Blade, Finance Director, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the compliance finding.

4. Planned Completion Date for CAP:

Continual.

5.Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

The Council will be monitoring this corrective action plan.

Sincerely,

Jane Blade Finance Director

ane Blade



SARA CARLSON, Mayor

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

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2016-002 Uniform Guidance written policies and procedures

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

1.Explanation of Disagreements with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2.Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The City will establish policies and procedures to ensure future compliance with the Uniform Guidance.

3.Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Jane Blade, Finance Director, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the compliance finding.

4. Planned Completion Date for CAP:

The planned completion date is December 31, 2017.

5.Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

The Council will be monitoring this corrective action plan.

Sincerely,

Jane Blade Finance Director

ane Blade

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Description

2015-001 Segregation of duties

Condition: During our audit we reviewed internal control procedures over payroll, disbursements, and cash

receipts and found the City to have limited segregation of duties in these areas as noted below.

Criteria: There are four general categories of duties: authorization, custody, record keeping and

reconciliation. In an ideal system, different employees perform each of these four major functions.

In other words, no one person has control of two or more of these responsibilities.

Effect: The existence of this limited segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud.

Internal control over payroll

Cause: As a result of the small number of staff, the Administrative Assistant sets up and maintains

employee records, runs the payroll, prepares the checks, issues check to employees and/or initiate the payroll transfer for direct deposit, prepares payroll tax returns, and maintains payroll records.

Recommendation: While we recognize the number of staff is not large enough to eliminate this deficiency it is

important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information. Additional controls might include having someone other than the Administrative Assistant or Finance Director maintain and control checks and issue checks or initiate the payroll transfer for

direct deposit.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. Staff procedures include a review of the payroll registers by the Finance Director before issuance of the payroll checks to employees. Posting of the payroll journals to the City's general ledgers is done by the Finance Director.

Updated progress since prior year:

No progress has been made to address this finding since the prior year.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Description

2015-001 Segregation of duties - Continued

Internal control over disbursements

Cause: As a result of the small number of staff, the Finance Clerk maintains control of the check stock, sets

up and maintains vendors, matches invoices to purchase orders and receiving reports, prepares checks, mails checks to vendors, maintains the accounts payable records, and posts transactions to

the general ledger.

Recommendation: While we recognize the number of staff is not large enough to eliminate this deficiency, it is

important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information.

Additional controls might include having someone other than the Finance Clerk or Finance Director

maintain and control checks and mail checks to vendors.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. Staff procedures include the Finance Director's daily on-line review of activity in the bank accounts. The Finance Directors also reviews the cancelled checks received with the bank statements for items such as voided checks and inconsistencies in the check number sequence and unusual payees. The City's check stock is kept in the vault which is locked at the end of each business day. Each month the City Council approves the disbursements and is provided a review of financial information and budget comparisons.

Updated progress since prior year:

No progress has been made to address this finding since the prior year.

Internal control over cash receipts

Cause: As a result of the small number of staff, the Finance Clerk prepares the deposit and takes the deposit

to the bank.

Recommendation: While we recognize the number of staff is not large enough to eliminate this deficiency it is

important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitors all financial information. Additional controls might include obtaining and reviewing monthly receipt information and

reviewing the bank reconciliation.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. The Council receives a monthly review of financial information and budget comparisons.

Updated progress since prior year:

No progress has been made to address this finding since the prior year.

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Finding Description

2015-001 Segregation of duties - Continued

Internal control over investment transactions

Cause: As a result of the number of staff, the Finance Director receives investment statements in the mail,

initiates investment transactions, maintains investment subledger and spreadsheet, maintains and

post activity to the general ledger and reconciles investment accounts.

Recommendation: It is important that the Council is aware of this condition and monitor all financial information.

Management response:

The City has already taken measures to attempt to comply even though the number of Finance staff they employ is limited. The Council has addressed this circumstance by active participation in the City's affairs. Staff procedures include discussions between the City Administrator and the Finance Director before investment transactions occur. Staff adheres to the City's Investment policy, which is a part of the Council-approved Financial Management polices (rev.8-11-14). The Council receives a monthly investment report.

Updated progress since prior year:

No progress has been made to address this finding since the prior year.